# THE UNIVERSITY OF HUMANITIES AND ECONOMICS IN ŁODŹ

# **FACULTY OF ARTS**

# **COURSE OF STUDIES**

# Pedagogy

ANNA-MARIA WARZECHA No 82766

# Electrotherapy by Viktor Zenni - a subjective assessment of patients.

## **MA Dissertation**

Signature of the supervisor:

Date:

Thesis written under the supervision of: Professor Andrzej Denys, Ph.D.

# ŁÓDŹ 2009

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## INTRODUCTION

The twentieth century was the time of the advance in general and physical medicine. Many diseases were contained, life span was prolonged and it was finally possible for a man to recover and keep his physical fitness at any age. The dynamic development of technologies in various areas of life, first and foremost in electronics, significantly affected people's quality of life. It was also connected with the fact that more and more diseases afflicted people around the world. A tremendous progress in the history of which mankind enabled a man to attain new heights in the cultural and technical development, but on the other hand, it contributed to shaking the entire ecosystem and caused the morbidity and mortality rates reaching appalling values. The disease itself has become a subject of interest to many scientists specialising in natural sciences, biology, bioengineering or physical medicine. In the ninetieth century Neil Arnott (1788), the author of the first handbook on physics for physicians was the first who introduced the term 'medical physics'. Physics and biomedical engineering as scientific disciplines are associated with the discovery of Wilhelm Roentgen's X-rays in 1895 and the discovery of radioactive elements, radium and polonium, by Maria Skłodowska-Curie and her husband Pierre Curie in 1898. [46]

The twenty first century is a continuation of the dynamic development of the abovementioned domains and proves to become a quest for new technologies which could help to modify the devices used in physiotherapy and curative therapies.

Professor Hermann von Helmholtz (1821-1894) largely contributed to the beginnings of medical physics. As a physicist, physiologist, philosopher and physician he dealt with mechanics, acoustics, thermodynamics, light, electricity, X-ray radiation and magnetism. He was a professor at the universities in Heidelberg and Berlin. Thanks to his interests he is now recognised as a father of medical physics. [46] In 1979 professor Ulrich Warnke, Ph.D., biophysicist at the Institute of Biomedical Technology at the Saarland University in Saarbrücken, as a result of 30 years of research was the first to discover the so-called immediate reaction of humans to the activity of pulsed magnetic fields. He became famous by compiling a regeneration system that transmitted the appropriate information to the human body by using a specific code of signals of the electromagnetic force field. [38]

The history of medicine provides knowledge about significant discoveries even though medicine owes these discoveries to scientists with no medical education.

The progress which took place in the domain of physical medicine makes it difficult to live without. The new generation equipment based on electric current, electromagnets, neodymium magnets or laser is used almost everywhere from diagnostics, physical therapy or preventive medicine to the treatment of chronic diseases in humans and animals.

The medical world brings together scientists specialising in various domains by using their knowledge and experience. Thanks to them people can benefit from new technologies and diagnostic devices as well as various additional life-saving therapies. Joseph Kohn wrote: 'In the area of electrophysics there had been no new discoveries, however, thanks to the results of neurophysiological research, a lot of ingenious adaptations and applications of previous methods were developed.' [14] This group includes a scientist who created something 'new' out of something 'old' which is a therapy with the use of current. Thanks to electrostimulation it is possible to restore the natural electric potential in cells and restore healing processes all over again. [48] These methods are classified as non-pharmacological and non-surgical techniques and therefore, they are non-invasive but effective in treating certain conditions or regulating certain functional disorders. Human cells require constant and continuous bioelectric stimulation. Without the flow of electrical stimuli human organism would not be able to function, especially the brain, the heart and the entire nervous system. And whether we like it or not we are exposed to stimulation throughout our life. Every human organism is a closed electrical system which is vulnerable to impulses from the outside. Millions of impulses which are the carriers of information are collected from the body and transmitted to the brain and vice versa.

In recent years, there have been some attempts to use electrotherapy to treat muscle tone disorders, spasticity, muscle atrophy, paralysis or hemiplegia. Until now, diadynamic and galvanic currents were not used to stimulate the internal organs, glands or the brain. Therapeutic currents and the Zenni method are an ideal complement to the pharmacological treatment. They help relieve pain and inhibit the disease from progressing. In most cases, thanks to this method patients can escape surgery.

An increased interest in this method of treatment has also been observed among doctors who participated in therapy by Viktor Zenni. The innovative Zenni method can be successfully applied to treat diseases, which have not been treated from the 'physical' perspective as yet by using the unique combination of diadynamic and galvanic currents.

## **1. PHYSICAL THERAPY**

The origins of physical therapy date back to 460-380 B.C. Using physical therapy for medicinal purposes was confined to the impact of sunlight and mineral waters which are used in health spas up to this day. Some natural sources of electric current e.g. certain kinds of fish were also used.

The beginnings of electrotherapy go back to the eighteenth century whereas the first attempts to use electricity for medicinal purposes date back to the ancient times. In 1791 Luigi Galvani, professor of anatomy, was the first who described muscle contractions in a frog which was induced by electric current. Continuing the experiment of professor Galvani, Alessandro Volta constructed the first electric cell.<sup>1</sup>

The discovery of electromagnetic induction by Faraday in 1831 initiated the use of induction current also called 'faradic' current.

In the late ninetieth century the research carried out by E. H. Du Bois-Raymond and W. H. Erb also contributed to the use of currents for electrical stimulation of muscles.

In France in 1949 a new method of therapy based on diadynamic currents was introduced by Bernard. It involved the application of different kinds of currents (so-called Bernard's currents) composed of stimulating impulses.

Thanks to further development of science and technology new sources of stimuli were introduced. Some natural stimuli were generated artificially using electric current, ultraviolet radiation or various sources of heat.

Electrotherapy is a discipline of physical therapy in which direct current (DC) or low and medium frequency pulsed currents are used for treatment. At present, specific apparatus and equipment, which meet safety criteria and precise dosage requirements are used to apply physical stimuli. [26; 45]

## **1.1. CLASSIFICATION OF CURRENTS USED IN PHYSIOTHERAPY**

There are two kinds of currents used in electrotherapy:

Galvanic current (direct) is a unidirectional, constant, low-intensity current; its intensity is measured in milliamperes from 0.5 to 50 mA.

Translator's notes

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> voltaic pile (translator's notes)

Pulsed galvanic current consists of rectangular pulses and breaks (pulse duration: 0.5 - 1000 m/sec); the value of power is regulated from a few to 40 mA; its intensity is measured up to 40 or above 40 volts. [16; 26]

## **1.2. DEFINITION OF DIADYNAMIC CURRENTS**

Diadynamic currents are formed as a result of rectifying the sinusoidal alternating current with a frequency of 50 Hz. They were described and called 'diadynamic' by a French physician Pierre M. Bernard. Diadynamic currents derive from two primary pulsed currents with a frequency of 40 and 1000 Hz. By applying the change, modulation and termination of these currents in the appropriate periods of time it is possible to obtain the following currents:

- DF current<sup>2</sup>- form of modulation: full-wave rectified sinusoidal alternating current, with a frequency of 50 Hz; the frequency of DF current is 100 Hz.

- MF current<sup>3</sup> - form of modulation: half-wave rectified sinusoidal alternating current, with a frequency of 50 Hz.

- CP current<sup>4</sup> - it includes equal phases of DF and MF, alternating at the time of 1 sec.

- LP current<sup>5</sup> - it includes periodic phase of MF followed by DF alternating at the time of 6 sec. The transition of DF into MF and vice versa is mild and it lasts about 1 sec. [16; 26]

## **1.3. APPLICATION OF CURRENTS IN MEDICAL PRACTICE**

Direct galvanic current has been used in healing baths, iontophoresis and electrolysis whereas the pulsed galvanic current has been applied in electrodiagnostics. These currents have also been used to stimulate muscles and nerves in the treatment of paresis, paralysis, and for diagnostic purposes.

Bernard's diadynamic currents have impact on distending blood vessels (vasodilation) similarly to other electric currents but also have an analgesic effect. Improved tissue perfusion and therefore, better nutrition processes increase vasomotor activity as well as

Translator's notes

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Diphase fixe

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Monophase fixe

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Courtes periodes

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Longues periodes

tissue metabolism and play an important part in treating many conditions, especially post-traumatic oedemas and peripheral blood supply disorders. [16]

- DF - a dose of medium intensity of DF gives a short-term diadynamic effect, which the patient feels as 'vibration'. DF current works as an inhibitor and gives an anaesthetic effect and increases absolute stimulus threshold and pain threshold. Increasing the dose of DF current can cause tetanic contractions. It is important to slightly increase the dose of current each time since the body can get accustomed to it which would result in a reduction of the anaesthetic effect or weakening motor activity.

- MF - the effect of current activity is stronger and long-lasting than DF and the patient feels vibrations more intensely. The inhibitory effect is delayed and the anaesthetic effect is prolonged in this case. MF current is applied in neuralgia and pain after the application of DF.

- CP - is defined as short periods. The change of frequency increases dynamogenic effect and reduces or intermits secondary inhibition at the same time. CP current can be applied to treat atony, stiffness in joints, post-traumatic oedema, trophic dysfunction and frostbites. It is advisable not to use CP current in the abdominal area due to a possible painful cramping reaction of the intestines.

- LP - is defined as long periods. It refers to a modification of diphase and monophase but the time each of them flows is longer (10 sec). Due to alternating the frequency the body does not get accustomed to it. [16; 26]

The application of the therapy:

- osteoarthritis (degenerative joint diseases)
- pain syndrome in osteoarthritis
- muscular atrophy
- periarthritis
- vascular syndromes
- neuralgia
- shingles

## **1.4. ACTIVITY OF CURRENT IN THE BODY**

Current flows through tissues with different resistance and the levels of electrolytes and water determine their ability to conduct current. Each tissue or organ

constitutes a separate electrical conductor. Direct current causes a change of permeability of limiting membranes within various tissues: the skin, cell membranes and blood vessels' walls. The blood, cerebrospinal fluid, muscles and connective tissue are good conductors. The adipose tissue, nerves, synovial capsules, tendon and bones are bad conductors. The stratum corneum of dry skin, nails and hair do not conduct current. Current also flows deeper through paths of the lowest resistance along the blood vessels, lymphatic vessels and nerves.

The flow of galvanic current changes the permeability of limiting membranes within various tissues which increases the metabolism and the rate of osmosis and diffusion in tissues. It helps to improve nutritional functions of tissues, that is, trophic improvement. Some tissue hormones are released, primarily histamine.

The distance between electrodes and the size of their surface affect the resistance; the bigger the distance, the bigger the resistance. The resistance decreases proportionally to the size of the electrode surface.

During the flow of current it is possible to observe the following phenomena:

- electrochemical phenomenon
- electrokinetic phenomenon (electrophoresis, electroosmosis)
- electro thermal phenomenon [19; 26]

The activity of diadynamic currents in the body differs for all types of currents; MF and CP - stimulate tetanic contractions in muscles by irritating nerve endings in the skin, and therefore, they are not used. MF and DF current - in the form of CP and LP; are applied alternately in the treatment of pain in increased muscle tone. CP, DF and LP demonstrate significant analgesic activity. CP current increases blood supply, and in combination with LP current it helps to improve the nutrition of tissues. That is why, these currents are applied in treating degenerative diseases, and contribute to absorb exudations, hematomas, especially in post-traumatic conditions. Given that diadynamic currents contain galvanic component the doses are chosen individually at a sensory level of each patient. The patient can experience significant tingling but a burning sensation or stabbing pain must not occur. CP current has the most intense activity, DF the weakest. [26]

Type of current	Activity
DF, CP, LP	analgesic
СР	increasing blood supply
CP and LP	trophic (degenerative diseases) conducive to resorption (post-traumatic conditions)
MF and CP	stimulation

## Table 1. The activity of diadynamic currents

Source: author's own research based on [26]



Photograph 1. Diatronic apparatus DT-7B (used in electrotherapy) [34]

## 2. NERVOUS SYSTEM AND ITS SIGNIFICANCE TO HUMANS

The nervous system performs a crucial role in the functioning of the human body. The most fundamental vital processes could not take place without it. The information is transmitted through the network of nerve cells and electric impulses. In the place where the nerve cells converge there is an exchange of electric impulses into neurotransmitters - chemical mediators. The transmission of information in the nervous system is fast and strictly directed at a certain muscle or gland (effector). A muscle contraction and gland secretion constitute the reaction to the stimulation of the effectors. The nervous system is divided into the central nervous system (CNS) which includes the brain, spinal cord and the peripheral nervous system (PNS) which includes the nerves gathering the projections of various neurons. The cranial nerves and spinal nerves connect the brain with receptors and effectors. The receptors receive some information from the outside and inside the body which is processed into the language of the nervous system. Nerve centres play an important role by concentrating neurons and manage specific functions. Reflex centres are placed in sections in the spinal cord. Each section includes pairs of the spinal nerves which divide into sensory and motor or dorsal and ventral roots. The dorsal root carries the information from the receptors on the surface of the body as well as from the internal organs. The ventral root is responsible for linking the spinal centre with striated muscles. It is important that the flow of electrical impulses is not distorted which means that the nervous system must be fully functional. Any abnormalities are a potential risk for the functioning of the whole organism. [2] The autonomic nervous system (vegetative) innervates the main internal organs (viscera). It includes numerous ganglia defined as autonomic centres. They are located in the encephalon, spinal cord and nearby the organs. The nerve cells' projections are the second part of the system. They form numerous nerve bundles (fascicles) and innervate groups of internal organs. They cause a decrease of gland secretion, acceleration of the heart rate and inhibition of peristalsis. 'Control centres' of the system are located in the central nervous system. The autonomic nervous system is closely connected with the endocrine system.

The autonomic nervous system is divided into:

- sympathetic nervous system

- parasympathetic nervous system

The centres of the sympathetic nervous system are located in the thoracic and lumbar sections of the spinal cord as well as in the lateral corners of the spinal canal.

The centres of parasympathetic nervous system are located in the diencephalon (interbrain) and the sacral section of the spinal cord.

The autonomic nervous system is of vital importance to regulate immune processes as well as adapting processes of the body to the changing conditions of the internal and external environment. It is done through the vagus nerve which enables the heart and circulatory system to adjust to an increased effort in certain situations. [4; 25; 31]



Figure 1. The autonomic nervous system [24, figure 4; 66, p. 309]

## Conduction of the nervous system

The primary function of the nerve cells is their ability to produce and conduct nerve impulses. The speed of conduction depends on the diameter of the nerve fibres. Nerve fibres are divided into A - think, B - medium and C - slender which is related to the speed of impulse conduction. The peripheral nerves are composed of three types of fibre; the thickness and speed of nerve conduction depend on the number of individual fibres. Thick fibres conduct impulses at a rate of 20-120 m/sec; medium fibres at a rate of 3 - 15 m/sec; and slender fibres at a rate of 0.5-2.0 m/sec. A decrease of temperature, nerve ischemia or various factors that might damage peripheral nerves such as injuries, poisoning, metabolic disorders or diabetes affect peripheral nerve conduction. [1; 21]

## 3. ENDOCRINE GLANDS

A human being is a part of nature strictly dependent on the surrounding environment. We are surrounded by various kinds of radiation, electromagnetic waves, magnetic and electric fields. We live thanks to these energies and we produce the energy ourselves. The vital processes in humans run independently, below the level of consciousness (neural and humoral) and through bodily fluids: the blood and lymph. Apart from that all physiological functions of the human body take place thanks to the endocrine system. In the process of regulation of vital processes the endocrine system plays a significant role through hormones secreted. Thanks to the research on biological processes a French physiologist, C. Bernard introduced a concept of the hormone. Released by the glands and distributed within the body by the blood and lymph hormones affect the permeability of cell membranes and enzymatic processes in cells. By means of a feedback system it is possible to maintain hormonal balance and hormone secretion. The self-regulating mechanism consists of three parts of the hypothalamus in the CNS, the anterior lobe of the pituitary gland (hypophysis) and the peripheral endocrine gland.

The hypothalamic-pituitary system has an important function as a regulatory mechanism. The processing of the information coming via the endocrine and nervous systems takes place in the hypothalamic centres. It is followed by information analysis

and an instruction to restore or maintain the balance. The hypothalamus releases factors to stimulate the anterior lobe of the pituitary gland. Then, the tropic hormones are secreted which, by affecting peripheral glands, cause the increase in hormone production by the gland or hypertrophy of the gland. [11] In the process of electrostimulation of the nervous and endocrine systems the pituitary gland is of vital importance since it is stimulated in order to compensate for the levels of hormones and stimulate the immune system during each procedure.

The endocrine system consists of the pituitary gland, the thyroid gland, the parathyroid glands, the adrenal glands, endocrine elements of the pancreas and gonads (ovaries and testes) as well as the placenta during pregnancy.

Endocrinology deals with the study of properties and activities of hormones. Physiological properties or chemical structure of hormones have been precisely scrutinised. The progress in this domain accounts for one of the greatest accomplishments in medicine.

Not only pharmacological therapy but also electrostimulation can affect the regulation of the endocrine system which includes the Zenni method. It is the achievement and re-use of galvanic current combined with Bernard's currents which had previously been applied to galvanise the thyroid gland in hyperthyroidism and hypothyroidism.

## **3.1. PITUITARY GLAND (Hypophysis)**

The pituitary gland is an endocrine gland weighing 0.5 - 0.8 g. It is a protrusion off the bottom of the hypothalamus at the base of the brain and rests in a small, bony cavity (sella turcica). It consists of three components: the anterior pituitary (adenohypophysis), the posterior pituitary (neurohypophysis) and the pituitary stalk (infundibulum) which is anatomically and functionally linked to the hypothalamus. Both of the lobes are connected with the functional activity of the other endocrine glands. Although it is small, the pituitary gland has a wide scope of activity and is responsible for proper functioning of the whole organism. [31] In terms of its function the hypophysis plays a particular role in relation to other endocrine glands. The substances secreted by the pituitary gland regulate the functions of all endocrine glands. In case of hypoactivity of the anterior pituitary, when the release of tropic hormones is insufficient, the secretion activity is decreased and hypoactivity affects interrelated

glands (thyroid gland, adrenal glands and gonads). On the other hand, hyperactivity of the anterior pituitary is also harmful. It causes the excessive release of tropic hormones and increases the secretion activity of partially subordinate glands which is a so-called feedback mechanism. [28]

Therefore, either deficiency or excess can be detrimental to the body. That is why, it is crucial to maintain proper function of the glands at every level.

Figure 2 presents interactions between the hypothalamus, the hypophysis and target endocrine glands. [15, p.624]







Oestradiol Progesterone Ovulation

Testosterone Inhibin Spermatogenesis

# Figure 2. Interactions between the hypothalamus, the hypophysis and target endocrine glands.

- A. Hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal axis (HPA axis).
- **B.** Hypothalamic-pituitary-thyroid axis (HPT axis).
- C. Hypotalamic-pituitary-gonadal axis (HPG axis).
- **D.** Regulation of growth hormone secretion (GH). Regulation of prolactin secretion
- [15, figure X-3 p.624]





Pituitary gland Prolactin + Mammary gland

## **Tropic hormones:**

- Growth hormone (GH) secreted by the anterior pituitary, directly and independently affects all cells of the body including metabolic processes. Thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH or thyrotropin) - stimulates the activity of the thyroid gland;
- Adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH or corticotropin) stimulates the adrenal cortex;
- Gonadotropics<sup>6</sup> are responsible for the release of hormones in the reproductive system of men and women.
- Prolactin stimulates mammary glands to develop breasts during pregnancy and to lactate after labour.
- Melanocyte-stimulating hormone is responsible for the production and release of melanin.

The posterior pituitary secretes three important hormones:

- Antidiuretic hormone is responsible for regulating the body's retention of water and reducing urine volume.
- Oxytocin this hormone participates in female reproduction.<sup>7</sup>
- Vasopressin it induces contraction of small blood vessels and thus, increases the blood pressure. [9; 31]

## **3.2. THYROID GLAND**



Figure 3. Thyroid gland [33]

Translator's notes

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> luteinizing hormone (LH or lutropin) and follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> It is released in large amounts after distension of the cervix and uterus during labour.

The thyroid gland is of one of the largest endocrine glands. Its weight is about 20 grams. A butterfly-shaped organ is situated on the anterior side of the neck lying against and around the larynx and trachea. It is composed of follicular cellular structure storing iodine. Under physiological conditions the weight and size of the thyroid gland might undergo changes or asymmetry.

	Lobus dexter		
	(right lobe)	Isthmus	Thyroid gland
Height	4-5 cm (40-50mm)		
Width	2 -3 cm (20-30mm)		6 -7 cm (60-70mm)
Thickness		1.5-2 cm (15-20 mm)	
Weight	25 – 30 g		

Table 2. Size norms of the thyroid gland

Source: author's own research based on [22]

The thyroid gland of a normal size is impalpable but when it is slightly enlarged it can be felt during palpation. The gland becomes hard when affected by a disease.

Thyroid vascularity is heavy and with large blood vessels that regulate the bloodstream. With increased blood pressure in the head the thyroid gland takes larger amounts of blood and transports it to the heart.

It is important to remember that variations in the thyroid size depend on sex and age and even on cyclical changes occurring in the body, especially in women during menstruation, sexual initiation, pregnancy or menopause. Apart from that, the differences in the size of the thyroid lobes are connected with the growth itself; the right lobe is bigger than the left one. [3; 22]

The thyroid gland is responsible for the regulation of many functions of the body. The most important of these affects the metabolism of carbohydrates, fats, proteins, vitamins and calcium as well as hormone secretion of the anterior pituitary, renal cortex, ovaries and testes.

The impact of thyroid hormones on the function of organs is connected with faster metabolism and oxygen consumption by the tissues. Thanks to them the blood flow in the vascular system increases, especially in the skin causing bigger heat elimination from the body. An increase in the stroke volume, frequency of the heartbeat and myocardial contractibility can be observed. Thereby, it contributes to the increase of the systolic blood pressure which along with peripheral vasodilatation causes a decrease of the diastolic blood pressure. Although the activity of the thyroid gland is independent of the innervation, the observations show the connection with the parasympathetic nervous system which intensifies the effect of thyroid-stimulating hormone to the thyroid gland. [1; 2; 3; 8] Normal hormone levels are of vital importance to the proper development of the foetus, prenatal development of the brain, tooth buds and skeletal system. In children and adults both thyroid hormone deficiency and excess disrupts the functioning of many systems and can become a cause of serious diseases. Under the influence of the pituitary hormone, thyrotropin (TSH) the thyroid gland produces its own hormones - triiodothyronine (T3) and thyroxine (T4) which, under normal physiological conditions:

stimulate the development of the central nervous system and its functioning;

 are essential to the proper development of the foetus, especially the brain, tooth buds, skeleton system and functioning of the digestive system;

regulate the growth of tissues and the synthesis of cell enzymes;

 affect the metabolism of body tissues which involves an increased consumption of oxygen, glucose and fat at the cellular level;

- enhance the metabolism and generation of heat by the body;
- affect the body's retention of water, the skeleton and muscle systems;

 speed up the consumption of carbohydrates and increase lipolysis which result in lowering serum cholesterol levels.

 as a result of the negative feedback they inhibit the secretion of thyrotropin by the pituitary gland and stimulate the circulatory system.

Thyroxine (T4) is the main product of the thyroid gland which is also its only source whereas, triiodothyronine (T3) is synthesised in 20 - 40 % in the thyroid gland. The production takes place in peripheral tissues (mainly in the liver and kidneys).

The thyroid gland secretes one more hormone - calcitonin which affects the metabolism of calcium and phosphorus. [12; 24]



Figure 4. Feedback diagram of hypothalamic-pituitary-thyroid axis [12, p. 458, figure 1]

Hormone	Normal values
TSH	Adults 0.02 – 5.0 U/ml
Thyroxine fT4	6.4-32.2 pmol/L (0.5-2.5 ng/dL)
Triiodothyronine fT3	4.7 – 9.2 pmol/L (3-6 pg/mL)

Source: author's own research based on [22]

## 3.3. THYMUS

The thymus is crucial for the functioning of the human body and is located in the chest, behind the sternum. It can be divided into two lobes composed of numerous lobules held together by delicate areolar tissue. The organ is responsible for the efficiency of the immune system which is as important as the endocrine and nervous systems. The thymus determines the tolerance of its own tissue or elimination of hostile elements such as infection factors, transplants, tumours). The thymus is a gland which disappears throughout adult life and it is rarely affected by diseases. The atrophy can be accelerated as a result of pathologic factors, intoxication or poisoning, deep stress and

severe illnesses. These factors constitute the same risk to the thymus as to the central nervous system.



Figure 5. Thymus [33]

The thymus acts as a central lymphatic organ providing the immune system with mature T-lymphocytes which originate from the bone marrow. The thymus affects the neurohormonal system (hypothalamus, hypophysis, peripheral endocrine glands). It participates in regulating the metabolism of tissues directly managed by the thyroid gland and other glands and affects the reproductive system subject to gonadotropics secreted by the pituitary gland. The thymus reaches its full development in the first years of life and from puberty its gradual disappearance begins. [5]

The recommended kinds of treatment are based on the involvement of the immune system. They provide the basis for removing certain causes of various ailments which indicate some disorders in the functioning of the organs, glands and systems. To function properly the immune system needs to increase the population and efficiency of T-lymphocytes. Through the stimulation it is easier to keep good health or treat a disease. [30]

## 3.4. DISEASES OF THE THYROID GLAND

Thyroid gland diseases affect from 1-6% percent of adults before 60 years of age with higher incidence in women and the elderly. Disorders of the thyroid gland cause the imbalance of the whole body. That is why, I would like to discuss the diseases and problems connected with this gland and its functioning. Hyperthyroidism, nodular goitre and tumours seem to be the most common problems.

At present, thyroid diseases require surgical intervention which is a radical method of treatment. Without any doubt, it is a painful experience for patients which they would certainly like to avoid. The surgery leaves the risk of possible complications such as the occurrence of tetany, in the case of an accidental removal of the thymus, palsy or damage to the vocal cords. What is more, the removal of the thyroid gland does not guarantee that the problem does not recur. Therefore, many patients would like to dismiss the decision about surgery. The diagnostic process also involves some invasive procedures such as biopsy, scintigraphy, iodine fulfilment therapy which cause mental and physical discomfort.

However, in some cases it is not possible to avoid the thyroid gland removal even though it is indispensable for the functioning of the body. Comorbidities such as heart defects account for a potential contraindication to undergo surgery. [22]

## Diseases of the thyroid gland

- Hyperthyroidism including Graves' disease
- Hypothyroidism
- Nodular goitre, parenchymatous goitre, retrosternal goitre and mediastinal (intrathoracic) goitre.
- Thyroiditis
- Tumours of the thyroid
- Parathyroid diseases

## 3.4.1. Graves' disease

Graves' disease is the most common cause of hyperthyroidism resulting from a genetic autoimmune process. It affects women between 30 and 50 years of age. The symptoms associated with the disease are thyroid enlargement (goitre), exophthalmos and pretibial myxoedema.

Hyperthyroidism is characterized by weight loss with normal appetite, frequent bowel movements, and even diarrhoea (constipation, however, does not exclude hyperthyroidism), psychomotor restlessness, increased nervous tension, sleeplessness, accelerated cardiac activity and abnormal heart rhythm (atrial fibrillation), intolerance to heat, excessive sweating, low-grade fever, muscle weakness, goitre, ocular symptoms (exophthalmos) [8; 22]

The reversal of hyperthyroidism symptoms constitutes, in turn, characteristics of hypothyroidism. The patient reports physical and mental weakness, apathy, sluggishness, fatigue, indifference, increased sensitivity to cold, dry skin with possible systemic oedema, and begins to notice weight gain associated with constipation. The hairs is thin, dry and brittle. Laboratory tests indicate a dysfunction in cardiac activity (deceleration, heart enlargement, and possible circulatory failure), accelerated development of atherosclerosis or rough, hoarse voice, and even a slow down in speaking. All of these symptoms do not necessarily need to occur in one patient and sometimes they occur separately.

Hypothyroidism leads to the metabolism slowdown which lowers the heat production and oxygen consumption.

The treatment of hypothyroidism is to supplement the missing thyroid hormones. For that purpose, a thyroxine preparation which is a thyroid extract is administered.

However, the ultimate method is surgery and radioiodine treatment. Due to this fact the thyroid gland removal ranks third on the list of the most commonly performed surgeries right after appendix and inguinal herniae surgeries. [13; 22]

## 3.4.2. Goitre (struma)

The goitre is the enlarged thyroid regardless of the cause and nature. The goitre is a generalized concept and determines what is observed in physical examination. Structural changes are noticeable within the thyroid gland due to hyperplasia, the presence of nodules, cysts or infiltration - such changes are called the nodular goitre.

The thyroid gland enlarges almost painlessly and depending on its size it exceeds the neck circumference. Sometimes, the thyroid hypertrophy causes pressure on the oesophagus or trachea along with the enlargement. The hypertrophy itself, however, does not determine the overall levels of hormones released. The goitre can also occur with medicines inhibiting the thyroid function which are administered in hyperthyroidism. [22]

Not every goitre means a disease as it may also determine a hormonal condition such as nontoxic goitre (struma neutralis) or endemic goitre associated with inland, especially

mountainous areas, where soil and water lack iodine compounds which leads to dietary iodine deficiency. It is important to realise that the goitre occurs not only due to iodine deficiency but also due to the consumption of some vegetables that contain progoitrin such as cabbage, Brussels sprouts, radish, spinach, soya and peanuts as well as the overuse of analgesics or sulphonamides and physiological and hormonal changes during pregnancy, lactation, menopause or in women after the age of 65.

## 3.4.3. Nodules and cysts of the thyroid gland

Thyroid nodules are usually small nodes of the thyroid gland which show no other lesions. If some of thyroid areas are ischemic, atrophic changes occur and form cysts. This process is followed by the development of a nodular structure of the thyroid gland - nodular goitre. Thyroid nodules are quite common and do not necessarily prognosticate a disease as some of them are of autonomous nature. Such nodules are adenomas and might be a sign of benign neoplasia which have got out of control of the body and released too much of thyroid hormones. In rare cases it may turn out that the nodules are malignant, but in most situations, they are just ordinary cysts containing some fluid or semiliquid substance. [22]

The cause of nodular goitre is thyroid hypertrophy which occurs as a result of overproduction of thyrotropin (TSH), low levels of thyroid hormones in blood plasma or simply iodine deficiency. As a result of excessive secretion of thyroid hormones toxic nodular goitre is developed, however, with normal values of hormones released nontoxic goitre can be observed. There are also other types of goitre such as simple parenchymatous goitre which is a thyroid enlargement that does not show signs of hypothyroidism or hyperthyroidism. It takes the form of small, consistent vesicles in the thyroid parenchyma located in the neck. As a result of the enlargement the trachea and adjacent organs (oesophagus, laryngeal nerves, large vessels) are compressed. The patient may experience shortness of breath, facial cyanosis and difficulty in swallowing. Due to iodine deficiency the goitre may also occur during puberty and pregnancy. There is a risk that the goitre would be too big which can lead to laryngeal nerve palsy. It is defined as mediastinal goitre. Retrosternal goitre is located at the level of the first sternal rib. [15; 28]

## **3.5. METHODS OF TREATMENT FOR THYROID DISEASES**

In principle, the treatment consists in restoring homoeostasis, regulating hormonal activity and reducing production of hormones. Radioiodine therapy is a popular method. In western countries it is used as a first-line treatment; in Poland it is gaining recognition due to its high efficiency. To increase the efficacy of the therapy, it is preceded by a pharmacological treatment. This method constitutes a first-line treatment of hyperthyroidism but it is often used in the cases when surgery or pharmacological treatments have failed. The effect of radioiodine therapy is noticeable only after about 1.5 - 3 months. It needs to be taken into account, however, that a transition into chronic hypothyroidism often takes place which involves the necessity of a lifelong medication.

The methods of treatment for hyperthyroidism consist of:

- administering thyrostatic medication
- using radioactive iodine
- performing surgery

Surgical treatment is the most popular way of dealing with hyperthyroidism. It involves a complete removal of the goitre and requires a lot of experience and precision since it is relatively easy to make mistake. In this case, a patient should also think about the possibility of a transition from hyperthyroidism into chronic hypothyroidism.

The treatment of hypothyroidism is to supplement the missing thyroid hormones and a thyroxine preparation is administered. [22]

On the other hand, medicines inhibiting the synthesis of thyroid hormones are administered in order to treat Graves' disease. Steroid hormones, radioactive isotopes and surgical treatments can also be applied.

A large goitre requires surgical treatment and it involves subtotal thyroidectomy leaving about 10 grams of the glandular tissue.

Indications for surgical treatment:

- Symptoms of compression;
- Suspicion of a neoplasm;
- Enlargement of goitre, despite treatment;

- Single nodules and nodular goitre in the young;
- Occurrence of cold nodules;

In the case of recurrent goitre after thyroidectomy it is treated with radioiodine.

Possible complications after the treatment: of the thyroid gland:

- Complications caused by medication;
- Complications after surgery: hypothyroidism, disorders of calcium metabolism.
- Thyroid re-growth after a few years.

In the last case only the radioactive iodine 131 which destroys the affected cells of the gland is applied along with other medicines. Complications after administration of radioactive iodine, local symptoms e.g. pain in the neck or other symptoms intensifying hyperthyroidism may cause hypothyreosis. The patient should also take into account the possibility of an unsightly, postoperative scar. In each case, the patient requires a lifelong medication and faces a constant threat of a repeated surgery along with the possibility of unpredictable surgical or pharmacological complications. [10]

## 4. INNOVATIVE METHOD

The first attempts to use electrostimulation to stimulate the muscles date back to the late eighteenth and the early nineteenth centuries. At the moment, electrostimulation supports the treatment of sciatica and it is used in diagnostics, therapies and functional electrostimulation including rehabilitation of the spine, extremities, joints and tendons. Until recently galvanic electrostimulations were used in physical therapy to treat thyroid diseases.

## Galvanisation of the thyroid gland

'In hyperthyroidism; the active electrode (5xl0cm) is placed on the neck right on the thyroid gland and is connected to the anode. The passive electrode is placed between shoulder blades and attached to the cathode.

Current intensity 4-5 mA; time of therapy 10-16 min.

In hypothyroidism, the active electrode (5x10cm) placed on the thyroid gland is connected to the cathode, and the passive electrode is connected to the anode. Current intensity 4-5mA; time of therapy 10-15 min.' [16]

Electrotherapy is not a novelty in the area of medical care. Viktor Zenni, Ph.D., is one of the scientists who currently deal with electrotherapy. He modified and refined the utilisation of two basic currents, galvanic and diadynamic, in order to reinforce the treatment of many diseases, especially of those whose treatment causes many difficulties. The activity of the above types of currents becomes widely applied. It is used in electrostimulation to treat diseases of the musculoskeletal system, the urogenital system and eye muscle diseases. Recently, electrostimulation has been used by dentists in temporomandibular joint disorder. [14; 27; 45]

What is new, is the fact that never before had galvanic and diadynamic electrostimulations been applied to stimulate the internal organs or the brain.

#### 4.1. VIKTOR ZENNI, Ph.D.

Viktor Mark Zenni was a student at the Warsaw University of Technology. He grew up in a family of physicians. He says about himself: 'I realised quickly that I do not want to practice my learned profession studied. Travelling appealed to me and I found my life and career in Australia, where I devoted myself to treat people with my physiotherapeutic method. Apparently, it was my destiny.'



Photograph 2. Viktor Zenni Source: http://iswinoujscie.pl/artykuly/3157/ 18.12.2007 [51]

In the 80's Viktor Zenni emigrated to Australia and worked at the National Library in Canberra where he came upon the work of Richard Bergland who discovered how to control the body and emotions.

In Australia Viktor Zenni demonstrated the effectiveness of his method of treatment using Bernard's currents, already known for 55 years, in an original way and was awarded a Ph.D. degree by the Senate of the University of Colombo. The work on the invention lasted 20 years and he gained the recognition of Australian doctors. Electrostimulation based on the Zenni method was patented by the Australian Patent Office. On the basis of the findings of American scientists he has developed a unique method of application of Bernard's currents to stimulate the nervous system, endocrine glands and internal organs such as the pituitary gland, thyroid gland, liver, stomach, pancreas and intestines. He worked with children suffering from cerebral palsy.

The biggest Australian newspaper 'The West Australian' reported that the condition of children with cerebral palsy was effectively and permanently improving thanks to the Zenni method. The method has also gained recognition of the University of Colombo (Sri Lanka) that invited Viktor Zenni, Ph. D., to teach it to American students.

In Poland the Zenni method has been applied for 10 years. Viktor Zenni, Ph.D., is also the founder and the president of the Cerebral Palsy Treatment Association 'ARKA' established in Krasnik. At the moment, Viktor Zenni, Ph.D., sees his patients in physical medicine offices in Warsaw, Cracow, Lublin, Rzeszow, Sopot, Wroclaw, Poznan, Swinoujscie, Szczecin and Plock.

## **4.2. THE ZENNI METHOD**

Viktor Zenni ranks among the pioneers in the field of electrotherapy because of his research and development of the method based on electrical stimulation of the central nervous system, the Zenni method.



## Photograph 3. V. Zenni demonstrates a portable electrostimulation apparatus [43]

By using the apparatus emitting Bernard's currents (already applied in medicine) Viktor Zenni, Ph.D., developed an innovative method of electrostimulation. It is the first Polish device in the world demonstrating tissue repair qualities thanks to which surgery can be avoided. The endocrine system working closely through the hypothalamus with the pituitary gland interacts with the nervous system. That is why, those two systems are more and more often referred to as the neurohormonal system. Therefore, the hypothalamus plays a role as the centre of neurohormonal system affecting the primary functions of the body and converts electric signals from the brain into 'hormonal information' transmitted to the organs. Appropriate electrostimulation improves electrochemical processes between the brain and endocrine glands by enhancing individual activities of the glands and organs. This method uses interactions between the pituitary and target endocrine glands. [15]

The therapy consists of standard steps and the use of the apparatus is also subject to standards established in physical therapy. The apparatus consists of a mechanism of current flow and two electrodes. Thanks to the innovative modification of two currents, well-known and already applied in physical therapy, it is possible to successfully stimulate the glands and internal organs.

The therapy is conducted once or a few times a month depending on the need and severity of a disease. Usually, a single stimulation procedure lasts about 40-60 minutes. The number of treatment sessions depends on individual characteristics of the organism. Therapeutic effects might be observed even after one or two stimulations which proves that the method is effective. It is also possible to conduct the therapy at home to treat cerebral palsy in children.



**Photograph 4. Apparatus used in the Zenni method (modified)** Source: author's photograph; 2009

## 4.3. ACHIEVEMENTS OF VIKTOR ZENNI, Ph.D.

The therapy of Viktor Zenni, Ph.D., has been applied in Poland since 1999 and has been gaining more and more recognition by professionals in the field of physiotherapy. On the other hand, the medical community has often been sceptical about it. After successful application of the therapy in his mother's condition, V. Zenni, Ph.D., says: When my mother was 74 she said: <After my therapy it is time to enjoy life.> *My mother was treated by cardiologists for years, but still, she had atrial fibrillation from time to time. The cardiologist has recently suggested a pacemaker implantation. At the moment, my mother is 88 years old, discontinued to take medication and she feels perfectly fine.*'

The Zenni method is also helpful in treating cerebral palsy. After stimulation of the central nervous system in children with cerebral palsy, especially in milder cases, a significant and permanent improvement has been observed. In severe cases V. Zenni, Ph.D., teaches caregivers how to perform stimulations at home on a permanent basis.

According to the documentation thanks to the Zenni method ten children already escaped surgery, e.g. elongation of the Achilles tendon surgery and they began to walk by themselves.

The method proves to be highly effective even in the treatment of drug-resistant diseases, depression, and disorders resulting from the accumulation of stress. Letters from happy patients and their medical record provide evidence for a measurable therapeutic success of the Zenni method. This method can become a first-line treatment in hyperthyroidism as well as in the cases of e.g. alopecia areata when surgical or pharmacological treatment failed.



Photograph 5. M. J. 2 December 2008 Source: V. Zenni



Photograph 6. M. J. 20 January 2009 Source: V. Zenni

An innovative programme 'Academy Against Cancer' (Akademia Walki z Rakiem) which was going to use the Zenni method was launched in Lublin. The main purpose of the programme was to help revitalise the body.

Viktor Zenni's achievements resulted in a considerable interest in Poland and other countries such as the UK, Austria, Australia, France, Canada, the Netherlands and Spain. Viktor Zenni, Ph. D., teaches his method to physicians and patients.

The application of the Zenni method influences the ongoing treatments and therapies and it is used:

- to revitalise the body and support treatment;
- to strengthen the functioning of the internal organs;
- to treat disorders of the pituitary gland;
- to treat thyroid lesions (overgrowth of lobes, nodules);
- in Graves' disease: exophthalmos eye reduction and elimination of symptoms associated;
- in Parkinson's disease;
- in ADHD (attention deficit hyperactivity disorder and excessive motor activity);
- in pancreatitis, hepatitis, gastroenteritis, nephritis and cystitis;
- in removing cysts in the internal organs;
- in degenerative changes of the spine and joints;
- in allergies and asthma;
- in diseases of veins (venous thrombosis)
- to maintain anti-stress activity (oxygenation, blood supply and nutrition of cells)

The method is not effective in the cases of multiple sclerosis (MS), neuropathy, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis.

'Its potential is not fully known yet, because it continuously proves to be effective in various ailments, as a result of which, the patients escape surgery or pharmacological treatment of many diseases. So far, hundreds of patients have avoided thyroid surgery. "- says Viktor Zenni.

The Zenni method has been described in many publications and press releases. Extensive articles have appeared in the following magazines: The Fourth Dimension, Unknown World, The West Australian, Sunday Times, Health Arena.

#### 5. METHODOLOGY

## 5.1. ASSUMPTIONS AND OBJECTIVES

Assumptions of the dissertation

The aim of this dissertation is to present the innovative Zenni method, based on the modified system of diadynamic and galvanic currents, and applied in the treatment of thyroid diseases along with the effects of this method on the human body.

The Zenni method can also help to treat other diseases. Electrostimulation is applied to treat children with cerebral palsy which gives the opportunity to increase therapeutic effects of current treatments e.g. to help with mobility (Vojta, Bobath) which improves the quality of life and development of children.

Objectives of the dissertation:

The objective of this dissertation/thesis is to analyse the effectiveness of the innovative Zenni method. The research was conducted with the participation of patients who underwent electrostimulation with the use of galvanic and Bernard's currents. They assessed the Zenni method applied to improve the health of patients.

On the basis of a questionnaire the following problems were analysed:

1. Which diseases is the therapy effective for?

2. How did the respondents justify their decision about therapy?

3. What were the respondents' subjective feelings after the application of the Zenni method?

4. Have the Zenni method, apart from traditional methods, contributed to the alleviation or a complete removal of a health problem and to what extent?

5. Were the respondents satisfied with their choice of including / using the Zenni method?

## 5.2. STUDY GROUP

The study was conducted among 74 adult respondents. The respondents were divided into the following age groups: up to 39 years of age - 14 patients, [19%];

between 40-49 years of age - 21 patients, [29%], between 50-59 years of age - 18 patients, [25%], between 60-69 years of age - 15 patients, [20%]; and above 70 years of age - 5 patients, [7%]. There were 58 women and 16 men who participated in the study.



#### Figure 6. Age and sex of the respondents

The age of respondents confirms that middle-aged man and women are more and more often susceptible to endocrine disorders associated with thyroid diseases along with comorbidities.

## **5.3. RESEARCH TOOLS**

I used my own questionnaire in paper and in electronic form posted on this website: annexwww.ankietka.pl (Appendix 1). The survey was anonymous and one-time, exclusively for the purposes of this research.

The subject of this study was to present the innovative Zenni method and benefits associated with its use for treatment of organs and endocrine glands, especially thyroid diseases.

The work on the implementation of the study lasted from June 2008 to May 2009.

The questionnaire included 35 questions, divided into introductory metrics and general survey referring to the existing health problems and treatments in comparison to the attitude towards non-invasive natural therapies and the motivation behind the use of the Zenni method, yet little practiced in Poland. The third part of the questionnaire contains detailed questions about the practical application of the Zenni method in patients as well as about their personal assessment in conjunction with the test results after the therapy was applied. The final part of the survey contains a classification in terms of effectiveness of the Zenni method compared with the commonly used methods of treatment as well as questions about the possibility of its further use.
## 6. STUDY RESULTS



Figure 7. Place of residence

# **Question 3. Place of residence**

Patients taking part in the survey came from various regions of Poland. Most of the respondents - 62, live in towns (84%) and 12 of them people live in rural areas (16%).



**Figure 8 Educational level** 

## **Question 4. Educational level**

Education background is diverse among respondents. Overall, 36% of respondents have a higher education, 23% have a secondary vocational education, 15% have a secondary education, 14% have a post-secondary education, 7% have a vocational education and 5% have attended primary school. It is noticeable that university graduates constitute the majority of the respondents.



**Figure 9. Financial conditions** 

## **Question 5. Financial conditions**

The respondents were invited to specify their financial status. Most of the respondents - 51% (38 persons) answered that it was good. A relatively large group of 21 people (32%) described their material conditions as average. The smallest percentage of respondents indicated extreme answers: 8% had sufficient and 8% had very good material conditions; both groups consisted of 6 people.



Figure 10. Sources of income

# **Question 6. What is your livelihood?**

An employment contract was the source of livelihood for 31 respondents (42%). 27% of respondents (10 people) drew a pension. 14% of respondents (20 people) run their own business. Only 1 person (1%) was unemployed and 12 people (16%) are dependent on their families.



Figure 11. Health problems

#### Question 7. What is your health problem?

Diseases of the thyroid gland e.g. hyperthyroidism in 33% and hypothyroidism in 9% of the respondents accounted for a dominant health problem. Cysts and nodules were the main problem for 39% of the respondents. Other diseases: glaucoma (2%), cataract (3%), gastric ulcers (6%), and depression (7%) which may be associated with thyroid problems. (1%) of the respondents have also mentioned other ailments such as back pain, varicose veins, circulatory problems in the legs, asthma, reflux, headaches.



Figure 12. Time of diagnosis

## Question 8. When were you diagnosed with the disease?

In the vast majority of the respondents (49 people) the disease was diagnosed after 2000, a second relatively large group of 17 people were diagnosed between 1990 and 1999. The remaining respondents, who were diagnosed between 1980-1989 (2 people); 1970-1979 (2 people); 1960-1969 (1 person); 1950-1959 (1 person), constitute a small part of the study group. Therefore, the highest detection of diseases took place in the years 1990-2008.



Figure 13. Nervous system disorders

## Question 9. Do you have any disorders of the nervous system?

76% of people participating in the study had no problems with the central nervous system. However, 3% of respondents suffered from paralysis of both extremities, and 3% suffered from cerebral palsy, a congenital disorder of childhood. 18% of respondents complained of symptoms related to their diseases as well as hypersensitivity. The problem of common disorders of the nervous system among respondents reported only 3% of those surveyed and related to cerebral palsy.



Figure 14. Comorbidities

#### Question 10. What diseases are associated with your health condition?

In response to a question about associated disorders a fairly large group of 42% participants had eye diseases, 19% had impaired hearing and 14% impaired sense of direction. 25% of the respondents had problems connected with endocrine, gastric or mental diseases.



**Figure 15. Surgical treatment** 

## Question 11. Is surgery recommended in your condition?

As shown in figure 15, 49% of the participants indicated that their health problem did not require surgical treatment. However, in 36% of the cases surgical treatment was recommended. The health condition of 15% of the respondents did not require surgery even though it might not be excluded in the future. Thus, it can be said that in half of the respondents surgical treatment was required.



Figure 16. Current\_medication

## Question 12. Are you currently on any medication?

41% of the respondents took their medicines and in 32% smaller doses of medicines were administered. In 11% of the cases medications were discontinued. For 7% of respondents there was no need to take medicines. All in all, more than 59% of the participants were not on any medication.



Figure 17. Type of medication

## Question 12. What types of prescribed medicines do you take?

Those, who responded to this question, accounted for a group of people taking hormones (47%); 26% of thee respondents took analgesics; 9% took dietary supplements and 6% were on cardiac medication. The respondents also took antibiotics, homeopathic preparations, anticoagulants, and inhalants (3%). To sum up, the biggest group of the participants took hormones, analgesics, anticoagulants and cardiac medicines.



**Figure** 18. **Previous treatment** 

## Question 14. What was your previous treatment?

The graph shows that pharmacotherapy was the primary treatment in 44 respondents and electrostimulation was applied in 30 of them. Other people underwent physical therapy and physiotherapy as well as other therapies. The vast majority of the respondents were treated pharmacologically.



Figure 19. Services of specialised medical centres

## Question 15. How often do you use the services of specialised medical centres?

The figure shows the frequency of using services of professional medical centres by the respondents. The majority of them (51%) did not use such services at all. 24% of the participants used such a service once every three months, 11% once every six months, 6% once a month and 8% used physiotherapy on a daily basis. Overall, answers to this question indicated that a very small number of the respondents regularly used the services of specialised medical centres.



Figure 20. Types of previous treatment

## Question 16. What type of previous treatment was applied?

The respondents indicated various methods of treatment, although, some of them did not undergo a treatment at all. In 33% of the cases the pharmacological treatment was applied. An equally large group of 26% of the respondents decided not to proceed with surgery. 15% of the participants did not answer this question. In the case of 6% of the respondents electrostimulation was applied. Other respondents used physiotherapy (7%), physical therapy (2%), dietary supplements or herbs (1%). 6% of the respondents admitted not to undergo any treatment. Answers to this question also showed that the pharmacological treatment was predominant. It was noticeable that the respondents were reluctant to undergo surgery.



Figure 21. Ultrasound scan

#### Question 17. How often do you get an ultrasound?

In 28 respondents a thyroid ultrasound was given once a year, 28 people, 11 women underwent a gynaecologic examination and 8 women were given a breast ultrasound. The remaining 4 participants underwent an abdominal ultrasound and only 2 of them a kidney ultrasound. Diagnostic examination of the thyroid gland was done twice a year in the case of 8 respondents but the abdominal cavity was checked only in one person. 4 participants were given a thyroid ultrasound and 4 got a kidney examination several times a year. Other people were rarely given an ultrasound scan - every few years. On the basis of the results obtained, it is possible to draw a conclusion that patients rarely undergo ultrasound examinations. Certainly, it is connected with their limited availability within the National Health Fund.



Figure 22. Attitude towards natural and non-invasive therapies

#### Question 18. What is your attitude towards natural and non-invasive therapies?

The attitude of the respondents towards natural and non-invasive therapies was very positive in 73% and moderate in 22%, whereas 4% of the respondents were indifferent. Among those participating in the study there was 1% of the respondents who, despite a disbelief in this type of method, decided to undergo the therapy. A conclusion that the Zenni method is becoming an alternative for all who search for safe methods of supporting treatments can easily be reached.



Figure 23. Motivation behind the therapy

# Question 19. What was your motivation behind the application of the Zenni therapy?

The graph shows different reasons for the application of the therapy Respondents in the number of 22 explicitly established that they wanted to avoid surgery, 14 people wished to use a different method than previously, and 10 people hoped for improving their health. Two people expressed their fear of a hormonal therapy. 6 other people were motivated by the lack of results after undergoing traditional treatments. The rest of the respondents relied on the opinion or recommendation of other people as well as on the press articles and the information posted on the Internet. 4 participants did not give their reasons at all. Overall, the respondents wished to improve their health condition in a non-invasive way.



Figure 24. People using the therapy

## Question 20. Who, apart from you, undergoes the Zenni method?

62% of the respondents used the therapy. In 12% of the cases it was used by both spouses and in 18% children. Other relatives and friends constituted the remaining 4%. The Zenni method gained respondents' trust and that is why, 30% of their families decided to undergo this therapy.



Figure 25. Stimulation of the organs

## Question 21. Which of the organs are stimulated during the therapy?

The organs and glands stimulated in most of the cases were the liver (28%), thyroid gland (22%) and pituitary gland (24%). The eyes and lower abdomen were stimulated in 7% and 5% respectively. The liver, the thyroid and pituitary glands are the most often stimulated organs in the Zenni method in order to restore neurohormonal homoeostasis system.



Figure 26. Time of therapy

## Question 22. How long did electrostimulation last?

Electrostimulation lasted from 40 to 60 minutes in 55% of the respondents. In the case of 44% of the respondents electrostimulation took slightly less: 20-40 min. In the case of 1% of the stimulation lasted for 20 min. The duration of electrostimulation depends on individual needs of each patient and lasts about 40 minutes on the average.



Figure 27. Application of the Zenni method

## Question 23. How long the therapy has been applied?

The largest group of 49% of the respondents indicated that they had been using the Zenni method for less than six months, 23% from six months to a year, and some respondents had been using the method for nearly two years (14%) and longer (14%). Therefore, 51% of respondents have used the method for longer than 6 months, and even more than 2 years. It demonstrates that the method is of great trust to patients and meets their expectations.



Figure 28. Test results following the Zenni method treatment

## Question 24. Do your diagnostic tests show improvement?

59% of the respondents gave the affirmative answer to this question as the results of tests run confirmed health improvement. Test results in 7% of the respondents showed total cure, whereas in 2% they remained unchanged. In the case of 3% of the health condition deteriorated. In the case of 3% of the respondents has deteriorated. The rest (29%) of respondents did not know whether there was a change and to what extent in their test results. Electrostimulation brought a visible improvement in health condition of 66% of the respondents and in a few even a full remission.

#### Question 25. Which results do prove the improvement in your condition?

Diagnostic tests carried out in specialised medical centres e.g. thyroid hormone tests, ultrasound of the thyroid gland, reproductive organs, kidneys, liver, or CT scan of the liver show indications\_of patients' health improvement apart from the subjective feelings of patients. What is more, the majority of the respondents observed a visible improvement in their ultrasound scan. The tests checking the levels of thyroid hormones also showed a positive effect of the treatment in 17 participants, however, these tests were rather rarely run.



Figure 29. Effects of the Zenni method

#### Question 26. After how many electrostimulations were the effects noticeable?

The effects of the Zenni method were noticeable after 1-3 stimulations in 38% of the respondents, after 4-8 stimulations in 28% and after a long-term treatment (more than 8 sessions) in 8%. However, 28% of the participants involved in the study did not explicitly commented on that. To sum up, 66% of the respondents needed a maximum of 8 treatments to notice a significant improvement in their health.



Figure 30. Attitude before the therapy

## Question 27. What was your attitude before the therapy?

The vast majority (78%) of the respondents had a positive attitude towards the Zenni method. However, 6% of the patients were sceptical and 16% of respondents had a neutral attitude. More and more people are probably looking for unconventional methods of treatment due to the lack of the expected results of their previous or current treatments, especially for chronic diseases.



Figure 31. Centres of therapy

# Question 28. Where did you usually travel/commute to receive the Zenni method treatment?

Three most often visited centres were mentioned by a group of commuters taking part in the study. 34% of the respondents underwent the treatment in Sopot, 24% in Warsaw as well as in Lublin. There were also some respondents who came for treatment to other centres in Wroclaw (3%) and Cracow (3%), Plock (4%), and Zlotoryja (7%). All patients irrespective of the distance from their place of residence commuted to cities.

#### Question 29. Do you have problems in getting to the therapy?

The respondents did not report any problems in reaching the treatment, only some individuals mentioned a long distance between the place of residence and the Zenni centre as an obstacle. It also involved high travelling expenses. Among the respondents there were people with limitation on the part of the musculoskeletal system. In most cases, the willingness to participate in the therapy was so large that patients were ready to overcome great distances in order to benefit from the therapy.



Figure 32. Subjective assessment of the Zenni method

## Question 30. How would you assess the effects of the therapy?

When assessing the effectiveness of the therapy 49% of the respondents had an optimistic attitude. 36% of the respondents confirmed that they were satisfied and 8% had no opinion. The fourth group representing 7% of the respondents answered said that they were surprised by the effects of the therapy. The responses received showed that 92% of the participants positively evaluated the Zenni method.



Figure 33. Attitude of the patient's doctor towards the Zenni method

#### Question 31. What is the attitude of your doctor towards the Zenni method?

The vast majority of the respondents (69%) did not inform their doctor about the use of this adjuvant therapy to support their treatment. 11% of the respondents intended to inform their doctor about the application of the additional treatment. The remaining respondents let their doctors know about the Zenni method; however, 9% of them seemed to be not interested in it, and 4% of doctors were neutral. Overall, the patients generally do not inform their doctors about the use of methods Viktor Zenni. It is probably because of the fact that patients are aware that unconventional methods of treatment are not widespread enough among doctors and that is why their approach might be sceptical.



#### Figure 34. Methods of treatment

Question 32. Please arrange in order from the most to the least effective method of treatment in terms of in your medical disorder. 1-very effective, 2-moderately effective, 3-averagely, effective, 4-sufficiently effective, 5 - little effective

The analysis of the effectiveness of publicly available methods of treatment or therapies shows that 49% of the respondents considered the Zenni method to be very effective. 1% selected pharmacotherapy and physical therapy and 3% chose surgical and rehabilitation to be the most effective. The Zenni method seemed moderately effective to 24% of the respondents; 16% chose pharmacological therapy, 5% selected physical therapy and while 4% and 3% selected surgical procedures and rehabilitation respectively. As an average therapy treatment method Zenni was considered by 7% of the respondents. However, pharmacological therapy was marked 12% and 3% opted for surgical treatment. Under this category 4% chose physical therapy and 9% chose rehabilitation. As a reasonably effective treatment the Zenni method was selected by 4% of the respondents. Other chose pharmacotherapy (15%), physical therapy (4%) and rehabilitation (3%). The Zenni method was insufficient for 18% of the respondents, while surgery was marked as insufficient by 11%. The respondents did not give their

opinions in all categories. It is worth noting that 73% of the respondents considered the Zenni electrostimulation method to be very or moderately effective putting it before other forms of treatment without excluding pharmacotherapy.



Figure 35. Availability of the Zenni method

## Question 33. Should the Zenni method be more available?

The vast majority of the respondents (94%) indicated that the method should be more accessible whereas, 6% did not comment on it. Thus, the overwhelming majority would opt for the introduction of the Zenni method to a wider public.



Figure 36. Source of information on the Zenni method

## Question 34. How did you learn about the Zenni method?

The respondents got some information on the method mostly from magazines (39%), or it was recommended by their friends or relatives (31%), and some learned about it from the Internet (26%). Other sources were trade fairs, bio-energy therapists, doctors or some information in local newspapers.



Figure 37. Re-use of the Zenni method

# Question 35. Would you undergo the Zenni method treatment once again?

Almost all respondents would use the Zenni method once again (96%) and only 4% would wonder about it. Such a large number of people willing to re-use the Zenni method proves a high efficiency of the method and a broad trust of patients.

#### 7. PRESENTATION OF THE RESULTS, DISCUSSION

The discoveries in the field of medical physics have enabled the use and application of electrotherapy, magnotherapy in medical practice. A series of scientific and empirical research have been conducted giving the possibility of introducing various types of treatment. Scientific research carried out in search for new technologies has become a physicists' province who deal with physical medicine. The expertise and experience, random observations or intuition and, above all, the desire to propagate their achievements have been continuously leading to a real progress in medicine. [6] Electrostimulation ranks really high in physical medicine standards and is used to stimulate tissue healing and repair. Electric current and electromagnetic field have settled in various areas of medicine becoming an ally of doctors, therapists or physiotherapists. One should keep in mind the significance of scientists and their discoveries from more than 30 years ago. Thanks to them, the human body started to be perceived as a closed electrical system.

At present, electrostimulation finds wider application in many areas. It is used to treat diseases of the female reproductive and urinary systems, skeletal and muscular systems, and it is applied in ophthalmology and dentistry. We encounter various terms regarding electrostimulation e.g.: TENS<sup>8</sup> is applied to relieve pain, NMS<sup>9</sup> stimulates the nerves and muscles, and  $FES^{10}$  activates the nerves that innervate the extremities affected by paralysis.

The idea is not new. It refers to a foot bath in water with some salt and with the use of electric current. The procedure is simple; appropriately modulated current of alternating polarity along with the use of negative magnetic field give the effect of removing toxic substances from the body. The study carried out in 2003 by scientists from Dallas which involved the stimulation of the brain with electrical impulses in order to reduce migraine headache proved to be an interesting achievement. [37]

Scientists around the world carry out various researches and studies using electrical impulses even to fight cancer. This gives the patient a chance because it is less invasive than chemotherapy. The method involves sending short impulses of electric current with

Translator's notes

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> (transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulation)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> (neuromuscular electrical stimulation) <sup>10</sup> functional electrical stimulation)

their length and tension properly matched. The goal of this method is to tear the membrane surrounding the cancer cell and cause its death. [38]

The flow of galvanic current changes the permeability of cell membranes which is followed by improved tissue nutrition. This, in turn, increases the processes of osmosis and diffusion in the tissues. [14; 31]

Until recently, it was not possible to stimulate the glands, the organs or the brain but the Zenni method has changed this view. Thanks to the Zenni method it is now possible to use Bernard's galvanic currents in various therapies and enjoy their effects especially when treating thyroid diseases, cerebral palsy, anorexia, neurosis, chronic headaches or supporting the treatment of Parkinson's disease. What is more, the Zenni method has the potential to be used in the treatment of tumours.

The method gives a high probability of recovery and restoring the damaged organ or gland function. The positive effect of the Zenni method can be explained by several mechanisms. It improves the blood supply to the thyroid gland in the area of stimulation and improves the function of the pituitary gland taking an active part in interactions with other glands and organs. Therefore, along with positive effects of the stimulation this kind of therapy should be promoted to support other forms of treatment.

The Zenni method works in a similar way to other electrostimulations or electromagnetic therapies but it is distinguished by the fact that it relies on a modified system of electric impulses allowing wider application of the method in the treatment of chronic diseases and some congenital diseases e.g. not severe cases of cerebral palsy or strokes. What is important, stimulations of the pituitary gland, thyroid gland, liver or endocrine system positively influence the immune system. The Zenni method reduces the need of taking medication, accelerates healing processes and supports rehabilitation. For the process of healing it is important to systematically strengthen the immune system by using the therapy. The test results demonstrating that the Zenni method is successful indicate that an observable health improvement and even a complete recovery have been noticed in the majority of patients, excluding the placebo effect.

#### 1. Which diseases is the therapy effective for?

The Zenni method is the most effective in diseases of the thyroid gland or nodular goitre but also other common disorders. The underlying idea, though, is to apply the method in the treatment of the thyroid gland and the nervous system associated with cerebral palsy. What is more, it improves concentration and acts as an antidepressant, helps to sleep and positively affects the quality of sleep. The most beneficial effects are observable in the blood and lymph circulation which means that it prevents leg swelling and varicose veins, relieves symptoms of menopause or andropause. The Zenni method works in the case of asthma as it stimulates the thymus gland and the pituitary gland. The positive results are obtained also in the treatment of glaucoma; in a patient with glaucoma the intraocular pressure was 23 mm Hg and after four stimulations it decreased to 17 mm Hg. In this case the stimulation of eye and the pituitary gland was applied once a week.

To clarify, the normal value of the intraocular pressure should stay within the limits of 21-22 mm Hg. However, there are people whose intraocular pressure is higher than 22 mm Hg or it is far below the norm e.g. 12-15 mm Hg. [41]

A patient with inflammation of the larynx and trachea can constitute another example. He underwent a 20-minute daily stimulation of the throat, thymus and pituitary gland along with taking supplements.

Another patient with varicose veins and thrombotic changes in his left leg who was taking Venoruton (horsechestnut gel) and suffered from pain coming up to his hips was advised to undergo a surgical treatment. After one application of the Zenni method he felt a relief in pain and the second one after one month caused an noticeable reduction of swelling and the veins looked more 'flat' but were still visible.

#### 2. How did the respondents justify their decision about therapy?

In the absence of success in traditional methods of treatment the respondents sought to find an alternative one. The most common motivation behind the therapy was the fear of taking hormonal drugs, fear of surgery, postponing or avoiding the surgery. Apart from that, they were convinced by positive effects observable in their friends or relatives, satisfactory test results, non-surgical treatment and a hope to stop the pathogenic process such as atrophy of the thyroid. Patients chose to save the thyroid gland when nodules and cysts were diagnosed. They wanted to treat the disease without using
chemotherapy, surgery or iodine supplementation and they believed in the effectiveness of the method in eradicating the cysts. Another person was motivated to use the Zenni method by the fact that she was advised to have varicose veins surgery and decided to give it a try since she thought that before she made her decision about surgery she would try other options. She was convinced that her decision was the good one and proved to be very effective.

In their assessment the respondents seemed to be disappointed with their doctors' helplessness in treating the disease or looking for alternative methods. Some mentioned no effects of pharmacological treatment. The recommendation of the Zenni method by friends or relatives as an alternative therapy or press publication also accounted for an encouragement to give it a try.

# 3. What were the respondents' subjective feelings after the application of the Zenni method?

On the basis of the description of patients' subjective feelings it can be said that the first application of the Zenni method aroused positive reactions. With each subsequent electrostimulation the effects became more visible and felt by patients. It is worth mentioning that after 4 stimulations a young patient's eyesight disorder decreased by 1 dioptre and also after 4 stimulations a nodule on the kidney and after 6 stimulations the one on the liver disappeared in another patient. A patient suffering from pain in his knee after each stimulation felt less pain in the extremity. Another person observed that after the first stimulation of the knee the bruising under the knee subsided, she felt better and her walking ability improved. In one patient out of many with hyperthyroidism after 4 stimulations the level of fT3 and fT4 hormones went back to normal, shaking in the hands passed and the handwriting improved.

In most cases, the respondents in their subjective assessment felt the improvement in pain alleviation, breathing, swallowing food or even in their mood. They described: 'I have been calmer', 'there has been a small improvement after 6 stimulations' or 'my thyroid gland is smaller.' Apart from positive effects a deterioration in health can also occur as it happened to one of the respondents. In this case the thyroid gland enlarged after two stimulations, but after a few successive stimulations the patient was recovering. Some patients experienced the following: a relief in stomach pain associated with peptic ulcer disease; persistent cough associated with reflux stopped; an

improvement in the menstrual cycle was observable as bleeding was less heavy, less painful and there was no need to be on medication. One of the respondents suffering from cerebral palsy said that he felt an improvement in his motor coordination and had better control over his body after the therapy. It should be noted that this patient is now an adult and thanks to the Zenni method therapy his quality of life and health substantially improved.

# 4. Have the Zenni method, apart from traditional methods, contributed to the alleviation or a complete removal of a health problem and to what extent?

The patients who underwent diagnostic tests and follow-up examinations received from their doctors a description of the ultrasound scan regarding their affected organs or glands showing the following: reduced size of the thyroid gland, disappearance of myomata, eyesight improvement (1 dioptre). The test results also show a substantial improvement in the levels of TSH, FT3 and FT4 as well as antibodies ANTI - TPO. If tests are done at regular intervals the effect of the Zenni method are noticeable in the form of better tests results.

# 5. Were the respondents satisfied with their choice of including / using the Zenni method?

The analysis of the participants' responses shows that the majority of them were satisfied and even surprised by the effects of electrostimulation. If they were to decide whether to undergo the therapy once again they them would do it. In connection to the positive effects of stimulation, the respondents think that the Zenni method should be more accessible, propagated and widespread within the medical community which demonstrates a very positive feedback.

#### CONCLUSIONS

1. In 73% the application of the innovative Zenni methods has brought encouraging results in comparison to traditionally used methods of treatment. The positive effects mainly referred to thyroid diseases, nodular goitre, tumours and cysts on the liver and kidneys.

2. It is worth noting that the respondents considered the Zenni method to be very or moderately effective and put it before other forms of treatment including pharmacotherapy.

3. The minimum number of treatments in the number of 1-3 (38%) indicates noticeable subjective therapeutic effects and the optimal number of 8-9 treatments (59%) indicates improved results of diagnostic tests.

4. Test results indicate a high percentage of the respondents (96%) who would undergo the therapy again.

5. The Zenni method has gained high credibility of patients (62%) who recommended the therapy to their close relatives (30%).

6. The overwhelming majority of respondents (94%) are in favour of its widespread availability and promotion.

#### SUMMARY

The disease itself has become a subject of interest to many scientists specialising in natural sciences, biology, bioengineering or physical medicine. The history of medicine provides knowledge about significant discoveries, many of which medicine owes to scientists with no medical background. Thanks to electrostimulation it is possible to restore the natural electric potential in cells and restore healing processes in the internal organs. [50]

This dissertation presents the electrostimulation method by Viktor Zenni, Ph.D., based on the innovative application of galvanic and Bernard's currents on the basis of my own research among patients undergoing this therapy.

The aim of the research was to present the therapeutic effects primarily in the case of thyroid diseases but also in other disorders.

The study was based on my own research and the results of specialised tests, press articles and letters from patients.

74 patients took part in the survey and women constituted the predominant group. The questionnaire included 35 questions.

Conclusions:

1. In 73% the application of the innovative Zenni methods has brought encouraging results in comparison to traditionally used methods of treatment. The positive effects mainly referred to thyroid diseases, nodular goitre, tumours and cysts on the liver and kidneys.

2. It is worth noting that the respondents considered the Zenni method to be very or moderately effective and put it before other forms of treatment including pharmacotherapy.

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## APPENDIX

	AUST	FRALIA C.	P/00/01
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Scan 1. Patent documents of the Zenni method

The claims defining the invention are as follows: \*..... ZENNI METHOD is a new way of electrotherapy. (2) Improves electrochemical process of life between the brain cells. (3) Accelerates hormone flow between the brain and other glandular organs of the human body. (4) Strenghtens the human Immune System by increasing the secretion and activity of hormones flowing within nerve axons "down" and "up" . (5) Releases pain killing hormones from the brain into the whole body. (6) During electrostimulation by ZENNI METHOD the bloodbrain barier is opened and Pituitary releases the opiate hormones to the brain treating Depression. Australian G/02/004 Patent, Trade Marks and Designs Offices **Official Receipt** POST70 \$ 150.00 IKTOR MAREK ZENNI 1 13436 EST on 26703793 JOMP PATENT APPL'N (PK0345) 150.00 Official receipt is not valid without register imprint. norské strecu nichland stre

Scan 2. Patent documents of the Zenni method

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Dated this twelfth day of May, 1998

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Dear Dr.Viktor		
Thank you to apply this tech	for your letter and the the	esis. I will be most pleased
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86

10pt

Mrs Beatrice Monie 15 Templemore Gardens Waterford 6152 Ph: 450 6405

Mr. J. Hayes, Cambridge Medical Centre, SUBIACO

Dear Dr. Hayes,

It has been almost a decade since I attended your clinic for assessment of my RSI. I don't expect you to remember me but my records should assist you. I had also visited Dr.Quintner during this period.

Enclosed is a copy of a letter I typed to a Mr. Victor Zennie who performed some neuro-stimulation on me. My letter is self explanatory and I thought it best to bring this matter to the attention of your good self and Dr. Quintner whom I know has fought arduously for the RSI cause.

I was treated by Dr.Ian Hewett over a very long time. He undoubtedly was a very good doctor and I am sorry he is not in practice any more. I turned up at his clinic one day and found it closed.

Victor Zennie's treatment has helped me enormously and I feel sure this sort of treatment is the answer to nerve damage through overuse.

I would be happy to speak to you if ever you needed further information.

Many thanks to you and Dr.Quintner for your support.

Yours sincerely,

Beatrice Monie.

Scan 5. Letter from a patient

Dear Victor,

I am writing to thank you for the "miracle" you performed on me when I came to you with chronic pains in my neck, shoulders, back, both arms, and through the rest of my body.

I initially came down with pains in my neck, arms and upper back which was diagnosed as Cervical Bracheal Syndrome and was attributed to my work. Symptoms first appeared in mid 1985 and despite vigorous treatment with physiotherapy etc., the pains progressed and moved through all transitional zones of my spine, thereby invading my whole body right down to my feet. The pain was constant and as a consequence I lost my job as a Medical Secretary. For several years I did the doctor merry-go-round and tried every modality of treatment that could help me viz., physiotherapy, freeze and stretch, hydrotherapy, acupuncture, laser acupunture, massage therapy, psychological pain management, relaxation therapy, various forms of drug therapy etc., etc., all of which gave me only transient relief, but ultimately spread the pains further.

Worst of all was the pain at the base of my skull, neck and down both arms which caused them to swell. The pain was particularly bad at night. I found I had to sleep on both hands to help ease the pain. Around the home I was very limited in what I could do.

Last year, a friend of mine told me about you having treated her husband with a neck problem. By this stage I was prepared to try anything and although I was a bit hesitant I was determined to find a cure to my ailment. I was out of a job and wanted to be useful in some way. After my first treatment by you I slept very well on the first night, not noticing until the morning that I had indeed slept without any pain in my arms. I found this hard to believe and thought I was just a "one day wonder" like most other forms of treatment I had tried over the past 10 years. However, after the second treatment a few days later I did notice that my neck and head aches felt a lot better. The pains down by back had eased off a lot and in particular the pains in both my legs had disappeared. I was able to sleep at night without my "jumpy legs". Oh! those jumpy aching legs that annoyed me all night. They are not there any more. My arms improved almost 100% and I am now able to hold a pen and write at length without bringing on the pains. The base-of-skull pains have disappeared and my neck isn't as stiff. It is now over a year since my treatment and in this time I have been able to secure a job and work well at it without a single day's sick leave. In fact my employer says I am one of the best they have had in a long time. My self esteem and confidence have been secured, and although I do not try anything that my exacerbate my condition I feel happy with the progress I have made. Thanks to you Victor.

During my bad times I also developed Chronic Fatigure Syndrome. One of my treating doctors, who is a very specialisted man said to me "Your central nervous system has been short of bits". I had what was locally termed RSI, and according to this doctor I was one of the worst he had seen and treated with injections, right from the base of my skull, through both sides of the neck, shoulders, arms, upper back, mid back, lumbar region etc., I had several rounds of injection treatment by him which helped for a few months but made me enormously fat as well. Since my treatment from you I have been able to attend a gym regularly and am now starting to look the old me, and am receiving all the compliments I heard nearly ten years ago.

#### Scan 6. Letter from a patient

I feel your treatment can help many people with my sort of problem. Stimulating a tired nerve is definitely a very good idea and I wish conventional medicine could adopt this practice. It would help get a lot of people back to work in double quick time.

I thank God for leading me to you. I have no doubt that this fortuitous meeting was only an act of God as I frequently asked that He send me a permanent cure.

Thanking you,

Yours sincerely,

Beatrice Monie 11/3/96.

#### Scan 7. Letter from a patient

Bernadette Coles 4a Conigrave Rd Yangebup WA 6164
TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN
I have suffered from depression for a number of years and I met Mr Viktor M Zennm at Deva Chen Buddhist Sanctuary on the 20 February 1996. I had some treatment on his neuroimmunestymulation, which electrostymulates the Central Nervous System.
I found that on the three occasions I had the treatments there was a dramatic improvement in my condition. I felt calm and no longer anxious after each treatment, and my depression was less severe.
I was very impressed with what Mr Viktor Zennm had done for me in three one hour sessions. I highly recommend him as being both professional and sympathetic towards my illness, and made every effort to ensure I was both relaxed and comfortable with his treatment.
yours faithfully B. Conscience Bernadette Coles
COMMENTS: Bernadette had attempted suicide before my therapy and was hospitalised. (V. Zenni)

Scan 8. Letter from a patient

Prof. F.L. Mastaglia, University Sept. of Medicine, ESPLANADE QE 11 Medical Centre, Redlands, Pent.

HOTEL FREMANTLE

Room 1208

25 K march 1997

bear prof. mastaglia,

Further to our telephone conversation 5-6 weeks ago, when I advised that the Vikton Zenni was going to attend me and apply his Fechnique of Electrostimulation to my central reavous system. Now, as promised, I am writing to advise you of my observations on the effects of his treatment.

al-the time of commencement I had been disignessed having Packinson's chlowest 5 years. My medication is 2x 4 Dinhemet CR and 2x1 (monnig) Solegiline Hydre. Ongoing to bed I was unable to be on my right side without both right aren and leg beginning to shake, Whenever I reclimed on a Concultants ked, dentest's chair on lay on my back in bed my "Packinson's right leg' began to stake. I am pleased to relate that these occasions of invalustacy shaking no longer occur. Incorators polato- app following stimulations of my nervous system. (I enclose a phato-copy of a Note from a local Fremantle dentist conforming this state of tranquelity). On return to London, I shall request my dentist to write to you confirming that I always had a Preticison's right by shake throughout her treatment. I'm confident that she will also be able to reaffirm that any night ley no longer shakes My sleeping habits had changed from the time I left home (111k) October 12 1982 Instead of 6 1/2 hours on so, undistantical sleeps, by January 97, I began awakening in the early hours (2 m /3 and was abliged to welk up and down my bedroom and the hotel connectors - necessite tedy because I was unable to lie on my bed, wither on my sides on back, due to a reainfull promuce fache in my battocky and lower back

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Scan 9. Letter from a patient; Perth, March 1997

2 It gives me much pleasure to report that Vitition treatment of electric stimulation of my spine and brain has broken that pattern. No longer an I experience pair on disconfat in either of my huttocky day on night and I can again enjoying a good mights sleeps, Consequently, I am no longer youning my heast-off and falling a sleep during the day. I have more energy. I can express my threegles more clearly and I am working more effectively. And my voice has strong the nectors remarkhed by severed people - a sign of restored self - contritence copping with a difficult situation of an extended stay, due to my companion's ill health. I hope that the aforementioned appraised will be of interest to you as a researcher into Partimon's Disease, And I also hope that it will be a Source of encouragements to faltow Packinson sufferers to seek Witten Zenni's treatments Ton I truly believe that his lethingue has gives me a new leave of life. And I trust that it will become available to other Packing Little Same Results. With kind negards, Jours sincerely, Peter G. Day 128-134 MAIDA VALE LONDON TEL :

Scan 10. Letter from a patient; Perth, March 1997

Meg Sheen 42 The Avenue NEDLANDS WA 6009

#### TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

I am seventy five year old and a Parkinson's Disease sufferer, (diagnosed four and a half years ago).

On the 24th November, 1996 I started a course of Age Therapy by Viktor Zenni which consisted of 13 electrostimulation of my brain and spine by his technique.

After few initial stimulation my chronic, excruciating back pain was gone. The pain which I suffered due to a Second War injury unabled me to sleep during the night, and my walking capability was very restricted. Thanks to Viktor's therapy I can now sleep all night and my walking is normal.

Before Viktor's therapy I was not able to dry my back after a shower using a towel, as the muscles in my left hand were wasted and I did not have the necessary strength to pull the towel. <u>Now my muscles have been rebuilt</u> and I can do other things such as gardening, cleaning the house etc.

Recently my energy boost enabled me to undertake the renovation of my Art and Craft Supplies shop in Subiaco.

Prior to first stimulation I sometimes had a very dry mouth and my voice was a whisper, <u>now I enjoy my strong voice again.</u>

For many years the skin on my hands was cracking and calcifying (I was called the "Crocodile" by my staff). Viktor encouraged me to use a cream produced by Mr Czarniak, a Pharmacist of Manning and <u>my skin is healed completely</u>. I am not a "Crocodile" anymore.

I believe that many old people and Parkinsons's Disease patients will benefit from Viktor Zenni therapy. I urge the authorities to help Mr Zenni to introduce his technique to those who suffer and may be helped by unorthodox approaches.

MEG SHEEN

Perth 31st January, 1997

Scan 11. Letter from a patient; Perth, January 1997

# Suicidal thought is treatable, says Perth inventor

by Colleen Clay People with suicidal tendencies and depression can benefit from gentle electric currents that stimulate the central

nervous system, claims WA

inventor Viktor Zenni. Mr Zenni, who is a Doctor of Science (Colombo), has plans to participate in a Tokyo trade fair early next year to demonstrate his electro stimulation technique to the Japanese, many of whom are experiencing depression and burn-out syndrome.

burn-out syndrome. Last year, 24,000 Japanese suicided, and businessmen lead in this statistic. The fair is being organised by the Japan External Trade Organisation (JETRO). Mr Zenni has also been invited to

Mr Zenni has also been invited to demonstrate his technique at the renowned Clinic La Prairie, Montreux, Switzerland.

Mr Zenni said depressed and suicidal people reported good results from the electro-stimulation. They generally became more optimistic and experienced an increase in drive, motivation. and pro-



BACK PAIN RELIEVED: Although neither depressed nor suicidal, Rosmarie Benedetto of Thornlie used electro-stimulation to help her manage crippling back pain.

ductivity. Most importantly, stress levels decreased.

"Research by Doctor C. Norman Shealy, of the Shealy Institute in the United States has proven that cranial electro stimulation increases serotonin levels in the brain and blood," Mr Zenni said. "It has also been proven by Swedish researchers, Dr Mary Ashberg and others that suicidal thought is developed when the serotonin drops below certain levels.

"The researchers measured levels of seratonin's main metabolite, 5-HIAA, in the cerebro spinal fluid of 119 suicidal or depressed patients, and on follow up showed that 20 per cent killed them-

selves within one year." Stefan Sanders of Melville was suffering severe depression when he heard about Mr Zenni's technique. Mr Sanders had tried many other therapies, with only temporary results. He said that since experiencing a course in electro stimula tion he has had a strong recovery and his depression is lifting. "What went away after the stimulation was my suicidal ten-dencies," said Mr Sanders. "I've been involved in nutrition for more than 25 years and use a lot of supplements. I was also meditating, so I am satisfied the effect is not placebo. I was doing and still am doing all the activities and counselling recommended for depressive states. "I am certain my experience, using the Zenni technique, is not a placebo effect. It may have saved my life. It's my belief that my serotonin levels were low and my ability to make it was either shut down or drastically limited." Rosmarie Benedetto of Thornlie was neither depressed nor suicidal when she

decided to try electro-stimulation. Continued page 19

Scan 12. Article in a newspaper; received from V. Zenni



Relieved: Janine Neu with son Adam and Viktor Zenni, who helps fight a crippling disease. PICTURE: STEVE FERRIER

# Electro-treatment offers pain relief

#### BY CARMELO AMALFI

JANINE NEU was 35 weeks pregnant when she was crippled in 1996 by a virus of the spinal cord.

She said a painful burning sensation through her body had made life hell since the disease, transverse myelitis, disabled her.

Her health improved last month when she decided to see inventor Viktor Zenni whose treatment involved applying gentle electric currents to the brain and spine.

Ms Neu, of North Beach, said Mr Zenni attached electrodes to her head, neck and spinal cord. The pain had gone by the time she went to bed on the day of the treatment.

"I also began to feel pins and needles in my legs, which made me very positive," she said.

"A friend of a friend who works with equipment similar to the machine that Mr Zenni uses told me about it and I wanted to give it a go. "My husband was impressed and the pain has not come back."

She had no complications with the birth of her son, Adam, in August 1996. Mr Zenni's unorthodox method first came to light in 1991 when *The West Australian* published the results of his treatment on 20-month-old Aaron Camm, whose discase, arthrogryposis multiplex congenita, left him with club feet, stiff spine and joints, dislocated hips and weak muscles.

The rare disease is believed to be caused by a virus which enters the spinal cord through the uterus during pregnancy.

Aaron's father, Ian, said recently that Mr Zenni's treatment had a definite benefit.

Mr Zenni, who ran a physiotherapy clinic in Warsaw for 13 years and received a doctorate of science from Colombo University in Sri Lanka, said he had treated about 200 people in Perth for several disorders. He mainly treats people with depression and suicidal tendencies.

In 1995, then health minister Graham Kierath said a department investigation had revealed misgivings about Mr Zenni's method.

Scan 13. Article in a newspaper; received from V. Zenni

Od dziesięciu lat chorowałem na ciężkie nawracające stany depresji. Na skutek kłopotów w pracy (trudności w zdobywaniu zleceń) i w domu moje zdrowie pogorszyło się do tego stopnia, że nie byłem w stanie pracować - pisać (jestem literatem). Na skutek niezdolności do pracy straciłem dochody, pojawiły się długi, komornik czyhał za drzwiami, spółdzielnia groziła wyrzuceniem na bruk mnie i rodzinę. W ZUS rosły odsetki od nie płaconych składek. Zacząłem leczyć się prywatnie u znajomego lekarza, który zgodził się po starej znajomości leczyć mnie za darmo "aż do momentu, kiedy stanę na nogi". Na nogi nie mogłem jednak stanąć, natomiast wszystko się w moim życiu waliło.

Choroba objawiała się na wiele sposobów. Straciłem chęć do wszystkich działań życiowych, nie miałem dość motywacji, żeby sięgnąć po książkę, żeby wyjść do sklepu po chleb, żeby wyjść do sąsiedniego pokoju. Świat stracił kolory, otaczały mnie szare, obce przedmioty. Z trudem utrzymywałem kontakt z domownikami. Byłem drażliwy, a potem natychmiast apatyczny. W nocy w mojej głowie gnieździły się katastroficzne myśli, których bałem się. A strach towarzyszył mi w każdym momencie. Bałem się śmierci i życia, bałem się wyjścia z domu, bałem się puścić dzieci do szkoły, bo przed oczami zaraz mi stawały niezliczone niebezpieczeństwa grożące im w mieście. Bałem się ludzi, zwłaszcza miejsc publicznych, a już katorgą było uczestniczenie w jakimś spotkaniu lub zebraniu. Cały oblewałem się potem i szukałem metody ucieczki. Moja praca, to była walka z wiatrakami. Codziennie musiałem się przemóć żeby siąść do maszyny do pisania. Mijały godziny, dni, miesiące, a ja nie potrafiłem zapisać jednej strony, bo wszystko wydawało się miałkie i nieważne. Cierpiałem z powodu traconego w ten sposób czasu, ale musiałem tak pracować, bo w moim wieku nic innego już nie mogę robić. Przepracowałem jako literat trzydzieści lat i zaczynam powoli wchodzić w wiek emerytalny. Kto mógłby zatrudnić starszego mężczyznę, kiedy nawet do pracy na etacie stróża stoi ogromna kolejka ludzi zdrowych i dużo młodszych.

Z powodu depresji nie potrafiłem logicznie myśleć, nie umiałem się bronić co wykorzystywali ludzie z wydawnictw kradnących moje prawa autorskie ale także najbliżsi domownicy, a zwłaszcza teściowa, za której namową moja żona zamiast mi pomóc, powoli podnosiła stawkę żądań w większości niesłusznych i buntowała przeciwko mnie nasze dzieci. Było to dla mnie hańbiące i jeszcze bardziej przygnębiające.

Za radą znajomego trafiłem do pana Żenni, który podjął się leczenia mnie swoją oryginalną nową metodą (tutaj powinna być podana odpowiednia nazwa metody). Po pierwszym kilkunastominutowym seansie, chociaż poczułem przypływ sił życiowych jeszcze nie byłem przekonany do skuteczności działania prądów i poprawy mojego zdrowia. Sądziłem, że to siła sugestii spowodowała mój stan. Ale zbawienna moc prądów w metodzie pana Żenni potwierdziła się w następnych seansach. Po czterech spotkaniach jestem innym człowiekiem. Wróciła mi chęć życia, zacząłem czytać(!) co było wcześniej niemożliwe, napisałem kilka esejów, zgodziłem się na spotkanie autorskie, przebywanie w tłumie już jest znośne, potrafię pojechać autobusem komunikacji miejskiej, nie pocę się na spotkaniach, zabieram chętnie głos w różnych sprawach. Zacząłem też walczyć o swoje. Domagam się od rodziny swoich praw. Coraz częściej mam ochotę na spacer, na wyjście z domu. Odbieram telefony, piszę listy, ponownie nawiązałem kontakty z wydawcami. Ta metoda (nazwa) jest w moim przypadku skuteczna i konieczna. Najważniejszyłem dawkę do jednej, dwóch tabletek dziennie, ale postęp w leczeniu mojej depresji jest na tyle znaczący, iż mam niemal pewność, że niedługo odstawię wszystkie leki. Życie jest piękne. Deo Gratias!

T. Mn.

#### Scan 14. Letter from a patient; received from V. Zenni

No.	Sex	Age	Date of the ultrasound	Organ examined	Right lobe	Left lobe
1	F	39	I scan - March 2006	Thyroid gland	80x26x22mm	100x35x27mm
		41	II scan - June 2007	Thyroid gland	28x20x58mm	32x28x63mm
2	F	67	I scan - February 2003	Thyroid gland	35x40x76mm	25x20x62mm
		69	II scan - May 2005	Thyroid gland	31x38x70mm	22x20x68mm
2			L	TT1 · 1 1 1	02 25 25	00.24.20
3	F	55	I scan - August 2006	Thyroid gland	92x35x37mm	88x24x30mm
		56	II scan - August 2007	I nyroid gland	90x34x35mm	85x24x28mm
4		40	L	TT1 1 1 1		20.10.50
4	F	48	I scan - August 2006	Thyroid gland	22x21x46mm	20x19x52mm
		49	II scan - June 2007	Thyroid gland	11x15x26mm	11x18x23mm
5	F	56	I scan - July 2006	Thyroid gland	rudimentary	35x14x12mm
	-	57	II scan - August 2006	Thyroid gland	rudimentary 11x7x7	31x11x16mm
					· · ·	
6	F	60	I scan - September 2007	Thyroid gland	17x20x54mm	16x18x52mm
-		61	II scan - October 2008	Thyroid gland	17x23x43mm	24x19x39mm
7	М	30	I scan - April 2007	Thyroid gland	50x25x19mm	48x20x17mm
		30	II scan - October 2007	Thyroid gland	30x32x55mm	30x27x66mm
8	М	72	I scan - August 2007	Thyroid gland	36x36x77mm	34x32x76mm
		73	II scan - May 2008	Thyroid gland	57x35x30mm	54x35x25mm
9	F	66	I scan - December 2005	Thyroid gland	65x23x23mm	60x26x20mm
		68	II scan - October 2008	Thyroid gland	55x16x20mm	59x24x20mm
10	F	30	I scan - July 2007	Thyroid gland	30,2x28,2x74mm	31,9x25,8x91
		30	II scan - February 2008	Thyroid gland	32,1x27,7x58,8mm	33x23,4x 60mm
			I scan - Sentember			
11	F	?	2006	Thyroid gland	97x42x32mm	97x 46x 53mm
			II scan - March 2007	Thyroid gland	92x49x35mm	91x 42x 36mm
12	F	57	I scan - October 2007	Thyroid gland	23x25x49mm	40x59x63mm
			II scan - August 2008	Thyroid gland	19x24x51mm	40x56x61mm
13	F	65	I scan - April 2005	Thyroid gland	69x30x40mm	67x30x38mm
		66	II scan - April 2006	Thyroid gland	54,8x34,3x44,2mm	62,9x33,7x28,7
14	F	48	I scan - February 2007	Thyroid gland	21x30x68mm	20x30x68mm
		49	II scan – August 2007	Thyroid gland	20x30x65mm	20x26x65mm

#### Table 4. The comparison of test results before therapy and after therapy

Source: Patients' test results (author's own research)

Kli	Pracownia US nika Endokrynologii i C Uniwersytet Medy	G i BAC horób Metabolicznych czny w Łodzi	Łó	dź, dn. 2007-07-04
	ul. Sterlinga 5 tel. 042 632	01-425 Łódź 2 4856	Nr	2210/07
		Wynik badania ult	rasonograficznego tarczyc	y
Int	ię i nazwisko:	Anna W		Wiek 49
Le	karz kierujący dr habm	ed. K. Lewandowski	Lekarz wykonujący lek. E	3. Popowicz
Pł: Ci po gó wy op Pc	at prawy ma wymian eśń o grubości 4 m ejednolite ognisko z wyżej powierzchow rnej kolejne podobn yodrębnia się niejedn isanymi zmianami t ower Doppler tarczyd	y: 25 x 24 x 58 mm m. Płat prawy zawier tendencją do zwyrod nie położoną podobn e ognisko o śred. 6-7 norodny, hipoechoger arczyca jest nieco hip ca wykazuje prawidło	h. Płat lewy ma wymiary: 20 a w dolno-tylnej części hipor nienia torbielowatego o wym ą zmianę o wym. 7 x 6 x 8 n mm. W dolnej części płata l niczny obszar o wym. 5 x 3 x oechogeniczna, nieco niejec we przepływy krwi.	2 x 22 x 56 mm. echogeniczne, n. 9 x 6 x 10 mm, im oraz w części ewego bardzo słabo x 5 mm. Poza dnorodna. W badaniu
			łek	Borena Popowicz 8396221
Kli	Pracownia US nika Endokrynologii i C Uniwersytet Medy ul. Sterlinga 5 tel. 042 63	SG i BAC chorób Metabolicznych /czny w Łodzi 91-425 Łódź 2 4856	Ł	ódź, dn. 2008-09-22
		2 1000	14	5767766
		Wynik badania ul	trasonograficznego tarczy	cy
In	nię i nazwisko:	Anna W		Wiek 50
Le	karz kierujący		Lekarz wykonujący dr n.	med. B. Popowicz
Pł Ci hi po zn wy ta	at prawy ma wymia leśń o grubości 5 m poechogeniczne, nie owierzchownie nieco niana słabo wyodręł yodrębnia się nieco rczyca jest nieco hig ykazuje nieco wzmo	ry: 22 x 23 x 59 mm m. W dolno-tylnej cz cjednolite ognisko o v o hipoechogeniczne o oniająca się o śred. 4- niejednorodny obszar obechogeniczna, dość ożone przepływy krwi	n. Płat lewy ma wymiary: 2/ ęści płata prawego bardzo sł vym. 5 x 5 x 7 mm; powyżej gnisko o śred. 4-5 mm; w gó 5 mm. W dolnej części płata o śred. 3-4 mm. Poza opisa niejednorodna. W badaniu l	0 x 23 x 60 mm. tabo wyodrębnia się j, położone brnej części podobna i lewego bardzo słabo nymi zmianami Power Doppler tarczyca
			dr Božena 30	n med. Hopowicz 2021

Scan 15. The results of an ultrasound scan

Warszawa, 04.04.2007 r.

04-368 Warszawa ul. Grochowska 230 tel. 810 58 51 tel./fax 870 33 30

Rondo Wiatraczna

## WYNIK BADANIA ULTRASONOGRAFICZNEGO

Nazwisko i imię: Wandu

ur. 1943

Tarczyca dwupłatowa położona w miejscu typowym z przewagą płata lewego, który dolnym biegunem nieznacznie schodzi poniżej poziomu wcięcia jarzmowego mostka.

Płat prawy o wym ok., 56 x 20 x 21mm., z widocznym hyperechogenicznym otorebkowanym guzkiem w dolnym biegunie 19 x17 mm,.

W dolnym biegunie płata lewego, którego wymiary wynoszą ok. 61 x 26 x 29 mm. Widoczne są dwa guzki hyperechogeniczne większy zachodzący na cieśń o wym ok. 28 x 23mm i mniejszy dł. Ok., 22 mm. z widocznym zwyrodnieniem torbielowatym. Mozliwość trzeciego ok. 11mm.

W. chłonne wzdłyż tł. szyjnych nie powiększone.

Lek.B.Szerstobitow

09.11.2007	Nr badania 8260	Samouzieliny Zespoi Publicznych Zawanow Lecznictwa Otwartego Warszawa Praga Tohok 03-719 Warszawa, ul. Jagiellońska 34 Pracownia Ultrasonografii ul. Dąbrowszczaków 5a tel. 619-34-81; tax 619-52-46 eGON 000311415; NIP 113-19-60-020
Nazwisko i imie :	Wanda	AEdon
Pesel · 43	w anda	
Adres: W-wa		
Lekarz kierujacy :K Wołoszyńska		
USG tarczycy		
Gruczoł tarczowy dwupłatowy ,niesy ,który sięga do wcięcia jarzmowego r Płat prawy o wym.19x20x44mm .z gw wym16x16mm. cieśń szer.5mm. Płat lewy o wym.29x33x60mm . w zr normoechogenicznych o wym18x30x wsteczne,zbiorniki płynu zwapnienia	metryczn z powięk nostka uzkiem normoecho nacznej części zajm 46mm ,w wielu gu	szonym lewym platem genicznym o uje konglomerat guzków zkach zmiany
Echostruktura miąższu jednorodna, pr	awidłowa echogen	iczność .Tchawica
przemieszczona nieó w prawo.		
Nie uwidoczniono powiek sztonych w szyi.	ezłów chłonnych v	v okolicy dużych naczyń
Foto x 8 B.Jas	kóła Duda	

Scan 16. The results of an ultrasound scan

		N Mr	T-11: 05 04 2006
Ośrodek M Sp. z Lublin, ul. M Pracownia	edyczny DMP 2 0.0. Mełgiewska 7/9 Rentgenowska 749 34 21	O SROO	Lubin, dn.:05.04.2000
101.001-	122 24 (27)		
Pan(i):	D	Ryszard	lat: 61
Badanie k	ontrolne – por	WYNIK B. przednie dn.: 07.03.2	ADANIA USG 005.
niepowięk fragmenta Nerki odp biegunie s miąższow wym.: 40:	cszona,o wyżs: rycznie w zak powiedniej wie górnym nerki j va nerek prawi x44x42 mm.A	zym bez uchwytnyc resie trzonu- bez uch skości, bez cech zast prawej podtorebkowa dłowej szerokości. P orta brzuszna widoc	h zmian ogniskowych. Trzustka widoczna wytnej patologii.Śledziona niepowiększona. oju i odbić typowych dla dużych złogów.W a torbiel o wym.: 86x55 mm. Warstwa ęcherz z małą ilością moczu.Gruczoł krokowy o zna fragmentarycznie – nieposzerzona.
ео т., соро станицата и с Х			pieczątka i podpis lekarza rtg
EF DECORSO	OŚRODEK MEDY PRACOWNIA UL NIP: 946-18-13-10 tel.: (081) 710-56	(CZNY DMP Sp. z o.o. TRASONOGRAFII 02; REGON: 430764990 i-55; fax: (081) 710-56-66	WYNIK BADANIA USG Nr: 644/2007 USG JAMY BRZUSZNEJ
Nazwisko i In Data urodzer	nię: <b>D</b> nia: 21.02.1945	RYSZARD	PESEL: Płeć: M Płatnik: 03R
Jednostka zk	ecająca:	ioz Elthioto	
	do). Olaskiew		
OPIS BA	DANIA:		
Pecherzyk zo powiekszona, cechach stlus konieczna ko nerki przeciet prawej-nie do mozna rozpo: sie. Niektore	Iciowy o pogrubiał w L placie, podto szczenia. Trzustka ntrola cukru i enzy nej wielkosci, o nio oceny(brak odnie znac zmiany typu j kielichy w ukladac	ej scianie, z licznymi, w wi rebkowo, powierzchownie nieco ( wzglednie-wiek) p rmow. Sledziona, niepowie erownomiernie pogrubiale sienia do zmienionego mi pozapalnego, lub zapalne h k-m nerek, nierownomie	ekszosci duzymi zlogami. PZW nieposzerzony. Watroba torbielka, sr. 1,5 cm, miazsz watroby o zaawansowanych owiekszona, niejednorodna, bez zmian ogniskowych, ikszona, jednorodna. Aorta brzuszna bez poszerzen. Obie j warstwie korowej, kora L nerki hyperechogeniczna, azszu watroby), przy zgodnosci z objawami klinicznymi, go. Obecnosci torbieli, opisywanej w P nerce, nie stwierdza rnie poszerzone. Pecherz moczowy ze sładem moczu (2
godz. po odda	aniu moczu), o pog	grubialej sluzowce. Gruczo	ol krokowy niepowiekszony, z licznymi drobnymi

Scan 17. The results of an ultrasound scan

#### **KLINIKA PROMED**

ul. Uniwersytecka 5 02-036 Warszawa tel. 0 22 822-18-11

Imię, nazwisko Sz Halina lat 60 Data badania 2007.11.09

USG tarczycy

Tarczyca położona typowo, o wymiarach: płat prawy 17 x 20 x 54mm, płat lewy 16 x 18 x 52mm. Echogeniczność miąższu niejednorodna. W dolnej części prawego płata zmiana torbielowato-lita około 24 x 19mm, w środkowej części płata lewego, na granicy z cieśnią zmiana ogniskowa o niejednorodnej, podwyższonej echogeniczności, z obszarami zwyrodnienia płynowego, około 31 x 15mm. Węzły chłonne wzdłuż wielkich naczyń szyjnych nicpowiększone.

Wydano 3 zdj.

Niephiliczny Zakład Opieki Zdrowotnej Ogólnopolskie Centrum Specjalistycznych Badań Przesiewowych PROKOMES 60-644 Poznań ul. Sokoła 38 Pruszków 2008.10.23 Sz Halina

USG tarczycy

Tarczyca położona prawidłowo, dwupłatowa Miąższ gruczołu niejednorodny PP o wym 17x23x43mm z litotorbielowatym guzkiem 23 mm PL o wym 24x19x39mm z hypoechogennym guzkiem o śr 8 mm oraz nieco hyperechogennym guzkiem o śr 12 mm. Na granicy z cieśnia niejednorodny guzek o śr 12 mm Cieśń o szer 12mm Powiększonych węzłów chłonnych nie stwierdza się .

Scan 18. The results of an ultrasound scan

nieki Zdrowotnej M	
Wheleznych i Administerstwa	
. J Lublin, ul Grenodierius 2 rel 2001	duia
DZIAŁ DIAGNOSTYKI OPP 728 55 83	"Lublin;"22:07 928 05
PRACOWALANDERAZOWEJ	
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D. C. Washington	
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WWWITE DADANTA DAD	NIAT A GTORNER &
WINS DADANIA KAI	DIOLOGICZNEGO
USG tarczycy	
Stan po subtotalnej strumektomij, pie	t prove energialized at the
urubości do 6mm, pozostalość plata lowa	it prawy szczątkowy, cieśn o
Na granicy plata provide ( pieta lewer	0 0 Wym. 35 x 14 x 12mm.
a granicy placa plawego i clesni znajo	uje się hipoechogeniczny guzek
o wym. 14 x 10 x /mm (Clesh jest wydłu	zona w wymiarze górno-dolnym -
20mm - moze to byc także przesunięty p	lat prawy ku linii pośrodkowej
claia). Pozostałość płata lewego o ni	eco obnižonej echogeniczności
(niewielkiego stopnia niejednorodność)	ale hez ewidentsuch amin
ogniskowych.	, and was ewidenchyon Zhian
Bez patologicznych wezłów chłonnych wad	lus pacané continual
stronie widoczny poi wozel chlana	14 naczyń szyjnych. Po prawej
and hele were curonity o di	nie budzący niepokoju
1	OMASZ PIKUŁA
	Podpis i pieczątka lekarza Rtg
	1751392 And Paging Stropel-Siwecka
	White lek. med. Regna pilote protective
	specjaliste ranoalagnostym
MZ/Rtg-4.	153/289
Z.P.W. "CALENA" 20-727 Lublin, ul. Urzędowska 18, tol. fan \$26-07-73	
Zakład Opieki Zdrowotnej Ministerstwa	
Spraw Wewnetrznych i Administracii w Lublinie	22.08.2006 dnia
20-331 Lublin, ul. Grenadierów 3, tel. 728-55-83	as control helps control to a control of the contro
DZIAŁ DIAGNOSTYKI OBRAZOWEJ	
Dicatation Mattada big G	a da
REGON 430972180-00029	
Pan(i)IOSTRUEIECANNA _1 _ 57	lat
STREETING DATE AT A	DIOLOCICANTCO
WYNIK BADANIA RA	ADIOLOGICZAEGO
USG TARCZYCY:	
0.00	
toroguca po strumsktopmij Bozostalośći	gruczolu o wymiarach: plat prawy
(areations) ale 11 a 7 a 7 am plass 21 a 19	Graczora o wymiarach. piec prawy
(szczątkowy) ok. 11 x / x / mm, clesn 21 x 12	x o mm, prat lewy SI x II x 10 mm.
Miąższ gruczołu normoechogeniczny, bez ewid	entnych zmian ogniskowych, w całości
nieco niejednorodny, bez cech naciekania.	
Bez powiększenia okolicznych węzłów chłonnych.	
	HHIUSZ GOLAN
	specialiet
	8398880
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	the second
	Podpis i pieczątka lekarza Rtg

Scan 19. The results of an ultrasound scan

NZOZ PRZYCHODNIA SPECJALISTYCZNA 4 października 2007 "HIPOTECZANA 4" 20-027 LUBLIN, ul. Hipoteczna 4 PRACOWNIA USG Tel. 0815325081 REGON 060086199 P.Q MARIANNA WYNIK BADANIA USG TARCZYCY ; Gruczoł tarczowy znacznie powiększony w zakresie płata lewego.Płat prawy niepowiększony, jednorodny. Płat lewy znacznie powiększony o niejednorodnej strukturze echa. Płat prawy o wym.23 x 25 x49mm. Cieśń szer.6mm. Płat lewy o wym. 40 x 59 x i w zakresie sondy 63mm. Krzysztof Stadnik Tradiolog Lakon 1148 NZOZ PRZYCHODNIA SPECJALISTYCZNA 13 sierpnia 2008 "HIPOTECZANA 4" 20-027 LUBLIN, ul. Hipoteczna 4 PRACOWNIA USG Tel. 0815325081 REGON 060086199 P.D Marianna 1.57 WYNIK BADANIA USG TARCZYCY ; Gruczoł tarczowy powiększony w zakresie płata lewego.Oba płaty bez widocznych zmian ogniskowych. Płat lewy o dość niejednorodnej strukturze echa. Płat prawy o wym.19 x 24 x 51 mm. Płat lewy o wym. 40 x 56 i w zakresie sondy 61mm. Staonik anisology

Scan 20. The results of an ultrasound scan

Kwidzyn, 28.07.2004.

Elźbieta F

Wynik badania USG tarczycy.

Gruczoł tarczowy miernie powiększony w zakresie płata prawego. Objętość płata prawego w porównaniu z badaniem poprzednim znacznie się zmniejszyła, obecnie wynosi ok 15 ml., objętość płata lewegook.1,5ml. W płacie prawym widoczny guzek,o mieszanej echogeniczności,o wymiarach 2,5x 1,5 cm, z ogniskami rozpadów i zwapnieniami (mniejszymi,niż w badaniu poprzednim). Cieśń bez uchwytnych zmian.Echogeniczność miąższu płata lewego. jednorodna.

Kwidl+yn-16-02-2004data .....

Podpis i

chietawiez

2/101

.....

100 111

WYNIK BADANIA RADIOLOGICZNEGO

Wynik badania USG tarchycy. Gruchał tarchowy znachnie powiększony w zakresie płate prawego.jego objętość wynosi ok 25ml,płat lawy mały, o objętości ok1,5ml. Cały płat prawy zajmuje duży guzek o mieszenej echogeniczności , dogniskami rozpadów oraz zwapnieniami ,o wymiarach 4,7x2,2 cm.Cieśń bez uchwytnych zmian.Miąższ płata lewego bez wyodrębniających się guzków.Nie widać powiększonych,patologicznych węzłów chłonnych.

DGN. Wols guzkowe.

"Z D R O W I E" sp. z o.o. HIEPUBLICZNY ZAKŁAD OPIEKI ZDROWOTNEJ

NIP 581-17-70-007, Ragon 192508778 Pracountar U S G

Scan 21. The results of an ultrasound scan

NIEPUBLICZNY ZAKŁAD OPIEKI ZDROWOTN ZAKŁAD DIAGNOSTYKI OBRAZOWEJ	EJ		
'GORIS-MED' 3P Z 0.0. PRACOWNIA MAMMOGRAFICZNA	12		Sopot
PRACOWNIA ULTRASONOGRAFICZNA			2006-08-30 17:01
tel / fax 058 555 08 59			
WY	NIK BADAN	IIA - USG tarczycy	1
Nazwisko: W	Teresa	Data	urodzenia: 1958-02-25
Wykonał lek med	Wioletta Wóitowicz		Dnia: 2006-08-30
Aparat: Toshiba N	lemio		Głowica: 6-12MHz
Ziecone przez: badanie p	latno	Ν	umer kartv:
ziecone pizez, badane p	haule		and hard.
Tourse durantetavia vi aclassa	i nowiekazona nie	iednorodna	
Plat areave targerian a usur 22v	21v46mm obi nla	ta pra vego 11 ml. płat lewy	0
Plat prawy tarczycy o wylu.22x	wego 10 ml OBi	ałkowita tarczycy 22.4 ml.	0
W obu platach tarozycy widocz	ne guzki hypoecho	geniczne w płacie prawym	naiwiekszy o wym.
10x10mm w płacie lewym pajy	wiekszy o wym 18	x11mm	
Przepław przez tarczyce prawie	Howy -		
· Tizepiyw przez urezycę prawie	nowy.		
Δ.		Wiol	etta Wojtowicz
* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		specj i dia:	alista ruasologii mostyki bbrizowej
*			1032217
(b)			!
SCINA	× •		
A- A-	ZAKŁAD RAD	IOLOGII	
SZPIIALA	SPECJALISTYCZN	EGO ŚW. WOJCIECHA	Gdańsk, 2007-02-02
di.	Jana Pawła II 50,	80-462 Gdańsk	2007 02-02
WYNTH	- BADANTA D		
	NI DANIA N	ADIOLOGICZNEGO	ENID
			Oddz. END
Nazwisko i imię W Teresa		Data ur. 58 02 15-	PESEL
Rodzaj badania			LULL .
USG tarczycy			
OPIS:			
Wymiary tarczycy:			
Płat prawy 11x15x26 mm, obj. 2.4n	nl		
Oba platy o znamala slavit obj. 2.7ml			
auzków o zatartych granica st	ogeniczności, nieje	dnorodne bez wyraźnie w	Vdzielających się
zapalnym	adaniu naczyniowy	m bardzo unaczyniona- o	braz jak w stanie
at mod Malyorzata Litury			Jan Boanie
Lek.M.Litvin			
pecjalista radiologii i plagnostyki dolazowe			
nr 150034			

Scan 22. The results of an ultrasound scan

Pionki 30.07.2005

#### Wynik badania USG

## Pani Jadwiga K I. 52 OM. Październik 2005

Trzon macicy w przodozgięciu o wymiarach 40 x 35 mm. Endometrium linijne. W dnie macicy zmiana normoechogeniczna mogąca odpowiadać mięśniakowi o średnicy 30 mm. W rzucie przydatków obustronnie bez widocznych zmian patologicznych. Zatoka Douglasa wolna.

paroio Brozzi, jene al la	
Dr	n.imed. Zenon Plachta
Dr n. mei ging	t. Zkilon Pluchta
nr poswa 1	vykonywania zawodu 5774455
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
WYNIK BADANIA USG	18.02.06
Imię i nazwisko pacjenta Pani Jadwiga K Opis zmian morfologicznych uwidocznionych badaniem USG:	<b>V</b>
Trzon macicy w przodozgięciu o jednorodnej echogenicz	zności i wymiarach 48 x
32 mm. Endometrium równe, linijne, jednorodne.	W rzucie przydatków
obustronnie bez widocznych zmian patologicznych. Zato	ka Douglasa wolna.
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a sea that a the set was a set of a set	Dra
	nr prayetolog il pr
	Synamy ania zawan
	(podpis i pieczęć)

Scan 23. The results of an ultrasound scan

		Diagnosty	ka Laborator	yjna	11022
Nazwisko i imię : PESEL	W	Anna			Numer 721
Badanie zleca Data zlecenia Godzina zlecenia:	Lecznictwo 02/11/2005 14.50	Otw. ZOZ Łódz Nr Próbki	ź Polesie : Krwi - 3159433	Wydrukowano: 02/1	1/2005 , 16:23
MMUNOCHEMIA	I				
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9150	LABORA	ATORIUM Diagnosty	MEDYCZNE ka Laborator	"EUROLAB" yjna	
Nazwisko i imię :	W Lecznictwo	Anna Wiek: 48 Otw. ZOZ Łód	ź Polesie Lekarz	: Badanie Płatne	Numer 900
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adanie zleca : Data zlecenia : Rodzina zlecenia:	I				
adanie zleca ata zlecenia odzina zlecenia: MMUNOCHEMIA	I				

Scan 24. Test results of thyroid hormone levels

0-243 Łóc	dź ul. Wierzbow	va 38, tel. 4	12 6/851	.90		
azwisko i i pata rejesti ESEL: leceniodawo ekarz: lr zlecenia:	racji: 20/09/20 58 ca: Wierzbowa 3 dr Gioskowska 004920	06 11:56 Wiek: 4 8 -Koptas R.	8		Płeć: .	Kobleta
SH 3 gen.		<0,005	µlU/ml	-	[0,27	0 - 4,200]
T4		2,92	ng/dl	•	[0,93	- 1,70]
Т3		8,08	pg/ml	*	[2,57	- 4,43]
anty - TPO		10,59	IU/ml		[<3	4,00 ]
anty - Tg		169,90	IU/ml	*	[<1	15,00 ]
Poradni Regiona Klinika 90-243	a Endokrynolo alny Ośrodek M Endokrynologii Łódź ul. Wierz	giczna Ienopauzy I I Chorób M bowa 38, te	Osteopo letabolica el. 42 67	orozy znyci 8519	/ h UM v 90	/ Łodzi
Data rej PESEL: Zleceniod	estracji: 15/02, 58	/ <b>2007 13:40</b> Wiek	c: 48		Pł	eć: Kobieta
Lekarz: Nr zlecen	ia: 000732					
Lekarz: Nr zlecen anty - T	ia: <i>000732</i>	20,	87 IU/ml			< 34,00 ]
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anty - T Pomiary v	ia: 000732 PO g	20,1 115,1 ochemiluminesc	87 IU/ml 90 IU/ml cencji w syst	emie E	[ [ Elecsys® f k[1702] \$ 7403	< 34,00 ] < 115,00 ] irmy Roche stawa Wolniewsko ry TECHNIK ANALITYY
Lekarz: Nr zlecen anty - T anty - T Pomlary	Uniwersyt Poradnia Enc Regionalny C Klinika Endol 90-243 Łódź	20,4 115,4 ochemiluminesc ochemiluminesc dokrynologi Dśrodek Me krynologii i ul. Wierzbo	87 IU/ml 90 IU/ml eencji w syst ital Klii czna nopauzy Chorób I owa 38, 1	emie E i Os Meta rel. 4	Elecsys® ( kirt02) ( arado rny Nr teopon boliczn (2 6785	< 34,00 ] < 115,00 ] irmy Roche stawa Wolniewsko ry TECHNIK ANALITYK <b>3 w Łodzi</b> ozy ych UM w Łodzi 190
Lekarz: Nr zlecen anty - T anty - T Pomiary	Uniwersyti PO g wykonano met. elektr Poradnia Eno Regionalny C Klinika Endol 90-243 Łódź Nazwisko i imi Data rejestrac PESEL: Zleceniodawca: Lekarz: Nr zlecenia:	20,4 115,4 ochemiluminesc ochemiluminesc dokrynologi Dśrodek Me krynologii i ul. Wierzbo ę: <i>W</i> ji: 12/02/20 58 <i>Wierzbowa</i> <i>dr Gloskowski</i> 000614	87 IU/ml 90 IU/ml encji w syst ital Klin czna nopauzy Chorób I owa 38, t wie 38 a-Koptas R	emie E nicz i Os Meta An. k: 48	Elecsys® f science) arraction teopon boliczn 2 6785 na	< 34,00 ] < 115,00 ] imy Roche stawa Wolniewska ry TECHNIK ANALITYK <b>3 w Łodzi</b> ozy ych UM w Łodzi 190 Płeć: <i>Kobieta</i>
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Lekarz: Nr zlecen anty - T anty - T Pomiary	Uniwersyt PO g wykonano met. elektr Poradnia Enc Regionalny C Klinika Endol 90-243 Łódź Nazwisko i imi Data rejestrac PESEL: Zleceniodawca: Lekarz: Nr zlecenia: TSH 3 gen. fT4	20,1 115,1 ochemiluminesc cecki Szp dokrynologi Dśrodek Me srynologi i ul. Wierzbo e: W ji: 12/02/20 58 Wierzbowa dr Głoskowski 000614	87 IU/ml 90 IU/ml eencji w syst ital Klin czna noparży Chorób I wwa 38, t Wie 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38	i Os Meta Kel. 4 An. k: 48	Elecsys® f kitrozy sta	< 34,00 ] < 115,00 ] imy Roche stawa Wolniewsko cy TECHNIK ANALITYK 2 3 w Łodzi ozy ych UM w Łodzi 190 Pieć: <i>Kobieta</i> (0,270 - 4,20 (0,93 - 1,20)

Scan 25. Thyroid hormones test results
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FT4	Uniwersyte Poradnia Endo Regionalny O Klinika Endok	1.15 ecki Szpital Kliniczny okrynologiczna środek Menopauzy i Ostec rynologii i Chorób Metabo	ng/dl <b>/ Nr 3 w Ł</b> d oporozy Jicznych UM 6785100	0,71 odzi w Łodzi	1,85	~
FT4	Uniwersyte Poradnia Ende Regionalny O Klinika Endok 90-243 Łódź	1.15 ecki Szpital Kliniczny okrynologiczna środek Menopauzy i Ostec rynologii i Chorób Metabo ul. Wierzbowa 38, tel. 42	ng/dl <b>/ Nr 3 w Ł</b> d oporozy Jicznych UM 6785190 <b>a</b>	0,71 odzi w Łodzi	1,85	G
FT4	Uniwersyte Poradnia Endo Regionalny O Klinika Endok 90-243 Łódź Nazwisko i imie Data rejestrac	1.15 ecki Szpital Kliniczny okrynologiczna środek Menopauzy i Ostec rynologii i Chorób Metabo ul. Wierzbowa 38, tel. 42 e: W Anna ji: 11/12/2007 10:38	ng/dl / Nr 3 w Ło oporozy Jicznych UM 6785190 <b>a</b>	0,71 o <i>dzi</i> w Łodzi	1,85	2
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FT4	Uniwersyte Poradnia Endo Regionalny O Klinika Endok 90-243 Łódź Nazwisko i imie Data rejestrac PESEL: Zleceniodawca:	1.15 ecki Szpital Kliniczny okrynologiczna środek Menopauzy i Ostec rynologii i Chorób Metabo ul. Wierzbowa 38, tel. 42 e: W Ann. ji: 11/12/2007 10:38 58 Wiek: 49 Wierzbowa 38 doc. Lewandowski Krzysztof	ng/dl <b>/ Nr 3 w Ł</b> d oporozy Jicznych UM 6785190 <b>a</b>	0,71 odzi w Łodzi Płeć: <i>Kobieta</i>	1,85	
FT4	Uniwersyte Poradnia Endo Regionalny O Klinika Endok 90-243 Łódź Nazwisko i imie Data rejestrac PESEL: Zleceniodawca: Lekarz: Nr zlecenia:	1.15 ecki Szpital Kliniczny okrynologiczna środek Menopauzy i Ostec rynologii i Chorób Metabo ul. Wierzbowa 38, tel. 42 :: W Annu ji: 11/12/2007 10:38 58 Wiek: 49 Wierzbowa 38 doc. Lewandowski Krzysztof 006335	ng/dl y Nr 3 w Ło oporozy Jicznych UM 6785190 <b>a</b>	0,71 o <i>dzi</i> w Łodzi Płeć: <i>Kobieta</i>	1,85	
FT4	Uniwersyte Poradnia Endo Regionalny O Klinika Endok 90-243 Łódź Nazwisko i imie Data rejestrac PESEL: Zleceniodawca: Lekarz: Nr zlecenia:	1.15 ecki Szpital Kliniczny okrynologiczna środek Menopauzy i Oster rynologii i Chorób Metabo ul. Wierzbowa 38, tel. 42 e: W Ann ji: 11/12/2007 10:38 58 Wiek: 49 Wierzbowa 38 doc. Lewandowski Krzysztof 096335	ng/dl v Nr 3 w Ło oporozy Jlicznych UM 6785190 <b>a</b>	0,71 o <i>dzi</i> w Łodzi Płeć: <i>Kobieta</i>	1,85	
FT4	Uniwersyte Poradnia Endo Regionalny O Klinika Endok 90-243 Łódź Nazwisko i imie Data rejestrac PESEL: Zleceniodawca: Lekarz: Nr zlecenia: TSH 3 gen.	1.15 ecki Szpital Kliniczny okrynologiczna środek Menopauzy i Ostec rynologii i Chorób Metabo ul. Wierzbowa 38, tel. 42 e: W Anno ii: 11/12/2007 10:38 58 Wiek: 49 Wierzbowa 38 doc. Lewandowski Krzysztof 006335 <0,005 µll	ng/dl v Nr 3 w Ło oporozy Jicznych UM 6785190 a	0,71 o <i>dzi</i> w Łodzi Płeć: <i>Kobieta</i> [0,270 - 4,20	1,85	
FT4	Uniwersyte Poradnia Endok Regionalny O Klinika Endok 90-243 Łódź Nazwisko i imie Data rejestrac PESEL: Zleceniodawca: Lekarz: Nr zlecenia: TSH 3 gen. fT4	1.15 ecki Szpital Kliniczny okrynologiczna środek Menopauzy i Ostec rynologii i Chorób Metabo ul. Wierzbowa 38, tel. 42 c: M' Anno ji: 11/12/2007 10:38 58 Wiek: 49 Wierzbowa 38 doc. Lewandowski Krzysztof 006335 <0,005 µll 2,13 ng	ng/dl v Nr 3 w Ło oporozy licznych UM 6785190 a U/ml •	0,71 <b>odzi</b> w Łodzi Płeć: <i>Kobieta</i> [0,270 - 4,20 [0,93 - 1,70]	0]	
FT4	Uniwersyte Poradnia Endok Regionalny O Klinika Endok 90-243 Łódź Nazwisko i imie Data rejestrac PESEL: Zleceniodawca: Lekarz: Nr zlecenia: TSH 3 gen. fT4 fT3	1.15 ecki Szpital Kliniczny okrynologiczna środek Menopauzy i Ostec rynologii i Chorób Metabo ul. Wierzbowa 38, tel. 42 : W Anno ji: 11/12/2007 10:38 58 Wiek: 49 Wierzbowa 38 doc. Lewandowski Krzysztof 006335 <0,005 µll 2,13 ng 4,95 pg	ng/dl v Nr 3 w Ło oporozy Jicznych UM 6785190 a U/ml – g/dl – g/ml –	0,71 <b>odzi</b> w Łodzi Płeć: <i>Kobieta</i> [0,270 - 4,20 [0,93 - 1,70] [2,00 - 4,44]	0]	
FT4	Uniwersyte Poradnia Ende Regionalny O Klinika Endok 90-243 Łódź Nazwisko i imie Data rejestrac PESEL: Zleceniodawca: Lekarz: Nr zlecenia: TSH 3 gen. fT4 fT3 Pomiary wykonar	1.15 ecki Szpital Kliniczny okrynologiczna środek Menopauzy i Ostec rynologii i Chorób Metabo ul. Wierzbowa 38, tel. 42 e: W Ann. ji: 11/12/2007 10:38 58 Wiek: 49 Wierzbowa 38 doc. Lewandowski Krzysztof 006335 <0,005 µll 2,13 ng 4,95 pg no met. elektrochemiluminescencji w	ng/dl v Nr 3 w Ło oporozy licznych UM 6785190 a U/ml - j/dl - systemie Elecsys	0,71 odzi w Łodzi Płeć: <i>Kobieta</i> [0,270 - 4,20 [0,93 - 1,70] [2,00 - 4,44] ® firmy Roche	0]	
FT4	Uniwersyte Poradnia Endok Regionalny O Klinika Endok 90-243 Łódź Nazwisko i imie Data rejestrac PESEL: Zleceniodawca: Lekarz: Nr zlecenia: TSH 3 gen. fT4 fT3 Pomiary wykonar	1.15 ecki Szpital Kliniczny okrynologiczna środek Menopauzy i Oster rynologii i Chorób Metabo ul. Wierzbowa 38, tel. 42 : W Annu i: 11/12/2007 10:38 58 Wiek: 49 Wierzbowa 38 doc. Lewandowski Krzysztof 006335 <0,005 µll 2,13 ng 4,95 pg	ng/dl y Nr 3 w Ło oporozy Jicznych UM 6785190 a U/ml – j/ml – systemie Elecsys	0,71 odzi w Łodzi Płeć: <i>Kobieta</i> [0,270 - 4,20 [0,93 - 1,70] [2,00 - 4,44] ® firmy Roche	1,85 0]	~

Scan 26. Thyroid hormones test results

Nazwisko i imie: M	Anna			
Data rejestracji: <i>31/01</i> PESEL: <i>58</i> Zleceniodawca: <i>Platne</i> Lekarz: Nr zlecenia: <i>000810</i>	/2008 11:12 Wiek: 49		ODPIS Płeć: Kobieta	
TSH 3 gen.	<0,005 µIU/m	•	[0,270 - 4,200]	
fT4	2,52 ng/dl	•	[0,93 - 1,70]	
fT3	5,52 pg/ml	•	[2,00 - 4,44]	
		mie Elecs	ws® firmv Roche	
Pomiary wykonano met. elekt	rochemiluminescencii w syste			
Pomiary wykonano met. elekt	rochemiluminescencji w syste		Clean siers Wol-	ian-1
Pomiary wykonano met. elek <b>Uniwersytecki Sz</b> Poradnia Endokrynok Regionalny Ośrodek I	rochemiluminescencji w syste s <b>pital Kliniczny N</b> ogiczna Menopauzy i Osteopo	<b>r 3 w</b> rozy	Lodzi	diacoșt NALITY
Pomiary wykonano met. elekt Uniwersytecki Sa Poradnia Endokrynok Regionalny Ośrodek I Klinika Endokrynologi 90-243 Łódź ul. Wierz	rochemiluminescencji w syste <b>Spital Kliniczny N</b> ogiczna Menopauzy i Osteopo i i Chorób Metabolicz zbowa 38, tel. 42 678	<b>r 3 w</b> rozy nych U 5190	<b>Lodzi</b> M w Łodzi	יושטייו אאנודי
Pomiary wykonano met. elekt <b>Uniwersytecki Sz</b> Poradnia Endokrynoka Regionalny Ośrodek I Klinika Endokrynologi 90-243 Łódź ul. Wierz Nazwisko i imię: <b>W</b>	rochemiluminescencji w syste <b>Spital Kliniczny N</b> ogiczna Venopauzy i Osteopo i i Chorób Metabolicz zbowa 38, tel. 42 678 <b>Anna</b>	<b>r 3 w</b> rozy nych U 5190	<i>Lodzi</i> M w Łodzi	NALITY
Pomiary wykonano met. elekt <b>Uniwersytecki Sz</b> Poradnia Endokrynologi Poradnia Endokrynologi 90-243 Łódź ul. Wierz Nazwisko i imię: <b>W</b> <b>Data rejestracji: 18/04</b> PESEL: 58 Zleceniodawca: <b>Wierzbon</b> Lekarz: doc. Lewa Nr zlecenia: 002726	rochemiluminescencji w syste <b>Spital Kliniczny N</b> ogiczna Menopauzy i Osteopo i i Chorób Metabolicz zbowa 38, tel. 42 678 <b>Anna</b> <b>/2008 10:00</b> Wiek: 50 <b>va 38</b> ndowski Krzysztof	<b>r 3 w</b> rozy hych U 5190	Lodzi M w Łodzi Płeć: Kobieta	אלגודי אלגודי
Pomiary wykonano met. elekt <b>Uniwersytecki Sa</b> Poradnia Endokrynoko Regionalny Ośrodek I Klinika Endokrynologi 90-243 Łódź ul. Wierz Nazwisko i imię: <b>W</b> Data rejestracji: 18/04 PESEL: 58 Zleceniodawca: <b>Wierzbot</b> Lekarz: doc. Lewa Nr zlecenia: 002726 TSH 3 gen.	rochemiluminescencji w syste <b>Epital Kliniczny N</b> ogiczna Menopauzy i Osteopo i i Chorób Metabolicz zbowa 38, tel. 42 678 <b>Anna</b> <b>/2008 10:00</b> Wiek: 50 <b>va 38</b> ndowski Krzysztof 0,047 µIU/m	r 3 w rozy nych U 5190	<i>Lodzi</i> M w Łodzi Płeć: <i>Kobieta</i>	ALITY
Pomiary wykonano met. elekt <b>Uniwersytecki Sa</b> Poradnia Endokrynolog Regionalny Ośrodek I Klinika Endokrynologi 90-243 Łódź ul. Wierz Nazwisko i imię: <b>W</b> <b>Data rejestracji: 18/04</b> PESEL: 58 Zleceniodawca: <b>Wierzbou</b> Lekarz: doc. Lewa Nr zlecenia: 002726 TSH 3 gen. fT4	rochemiluminescencji w syste <b>Epital Kliniczny N</b> ogiczna Menopauzy i Osteopo i i Chorób Metabolicz zbowa 38, tel. 42 678 <b>Anna</b> <b>/2008 10:00</b> Wiek: 50 wa 38 ndowski Krzysztof 0,047 µIU/m 2,77 ng/dl	<b>r 3 w</b> rozy nych U 5190	Image: Status         Wolf           Lodzi         Mw Łodzi           Płeć: Kobieta	אלנודי

Scan 27. Thyroid hormones test results

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[est ]	Result	Unit	Flags	Dil. H	xp. Range		Ready ResultMsg	1
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# Scan 28. Test results of thyroid hormone levels

KATED ZAI PRACOV 9 I -425 Łód	RA ENDOKRYN( KŁAD NEUROENDO DZIAŁ BIOCHEM VNIA DIAGNOSTYKI ź, ul. Sterlinga 5, tel. (42)	DLOGII UM DKR YNOLOGII IICZNY HORMONALNE 633-96-30 w. 33 I	EJ	
PE-Wierzbowa			к	od: 26
Lek. kier: Lewandowski, c Nr zlecenia: 68176 Pacjent: W. ANNA Adres: Badanie	doc <u>Je</u> Wynik	<u>dn. kier: Poradr</u> Data otrz wykon.:20 Data ur: PESEL Jedn.	nia Endol 2009-02 009-02-17 195 58. min	<u>krynolog</u> ii 2-17 Data 7 58-04-25 max norma
FT3	2.05	pg/ml	1,64	3,45
FT4	0.89	ng/dl	0,71	1,85

## Scan 29. Test results of thyroid hormone levels

NZOZ Miedziowe Centrum Zdrowia Zakład Diagnostyki Laboratoryjnej 59-301 LUBIN, ul. M. Skłodowskiej-Curie 52 REGON: 390360873 ul. 846-0200 Strona: 1 z 1 tel. 846-03-00 Data ur: 11-05-1987 Pleć: Kobieta Magdalena PESEL: Pacjent: K Tryb: Rutyna Nr zlecenia: 850034822 Zleceniodawca: Legnica Pediatria Zlecenie z: 19-09-2008 Nr dzienny: 385.0215 Dt.Ozna./Uwagi Norma Wynik Jednostka Nazwa badania 2008-09-19 13:09 0,27 - 4,20 H IMMUNOCHEMIA 14,700 ulU/ml Przyjęte próbki:19-09-2008 11:43 8500348222 Kraw żylna na skrzep >>> Badania wykonał <<< mgr Beata Kozłowska: TSH >>> Wyniki autoryzował <<< mgr Beata Kozłowska: TSH Kierownik laboratorium : mgr Krystyna Bobeła-Plecińska 27.02.2009. decremie metode de 2enni Mapocretam à listopadrie 2008 robu, stom TSH: 14,700 WU/mi i Anty-TPO: 297 U/mi. Jui po piecue Stymulacjach moje myniki zmacznie siz popraniky. TSH spadko do 4,340 ul V/ml a precisciala anty-TPO do \$1,35 U/ml. Jednah fizyerną popraną mojego stamu zdrania poerutam jui po pientsnej stymulacji : wazpito drignie nato i mudnażmienie. Deisiaj jui a opole mie odannam miepanidkowej pracy bacayey. Magdolema Jlosicielme . . ۰. wydruk: piątek, 19-09-2008 13:32 Norma: H-powyżej L-poniżej, \*-różne, I-patologia © IntoMedica - Laboratorium Wiaścicki licencii: MCZ Lubin

Scan 30. Test results of thyroid hormone levels

Zakład Diagnosty 59-301 LUBIN, ul REGON: 390360 tel. 846-03-00	ki Laboral . M. Skłoc 673	loryjnej Iowskiej-Curie	52	Wyi	niki bada	ń		Strona: 2	2 z 2
Pacjent: K	<u>n</u> 11	Magdale	na			Data ur: ' PESEL:	1-05-19	987 <i>Płeć:</i> Kob	ieta
Nazwa badani	а			Wynik	Jednostka	DLOzna	./Uwagi	Norma .	
IMMUNOCHE	AIM								
TSH				4,340	ulU/ml	2009-02-	06 11:06	0,27 - 4,20	н
P-ciała anty	тро			91,35	U/mi	2009-02-	06 11:06	0,00 - 34,00	н
>>> Badania v mgr Lidia Ryśi >>> Wyniki au mgr Lidia Ryśi	vykonał < nik: TSH, itoryzował nik: TSH,	<< P-ciała anty Ťl <<< P-ciała anty Ťl	PO PO						
Kierownik lał	oratoriur	n: <i>mgr Kr</i> y	istyna Bo	beła-Pl	ecińska				
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								indu sister as as	2000 4
Norma: H-powyżej	-poniżej, •-	tóżne, !-patologia					wyo	muk; plątek, ud-02-	2009 1

Scan 31. Test results of thyroid hormone levels

# Modern Physiotherapy

Dr Viktor Zenni administers an innovative technique that has been practiced by European physiotherapists for over 55 years. The Zenni Method applies Bernard's Currents for the treatment of back pain and joint inflammation, as well as for the healing of internal organs, such as thyroid gland, stomach, liver, pancreas and the human brain as well!

"Hundreds of my patients have avoided surgery, thanks to my therapy, which reactivates the human self-healing process. It compliments wonderfully with orthodox medicine."



This method is specifically effective in ...

- stimulating the brain, healing paralysis after a stroke, combating cerebral palsy, and eliminating depression
- healing pancreatitis, hepatitis, stomach ulceration, bladder ulceration, renal cysts, disease of varicose veins and backbone pains
- regulating thyroid and hormones levels by reducing hypertrophied lobes and removing small tumours
- reducing eyeball protrusion (70% or more) and other symptoms in Graves-Basedow disease

Dr Zenni's application is so effective in the universal treatment of diseases, its possibilities seem endless!

- Dr Viktor Zenni.

Dr Zenni teaches patients and carers how to use his method and equipment is provided. Read what our patients have to say:

Our 13-year old son has had asthma since he was 2-years old. He constantly took inhaled medication, and when suffering severe attacks, we would rush born to besettal. We diheard applied to be

Zenni and decided to try this new method. After six stimulations our son showed rapid improvement. Previously, he lacked oxygen, he could not run. Now, for the first time he can run without any medicine! Moreover, after the stimulation our teenage son showed positive development in education, concentration,  My daughter suffered from kidney cirrhosis and was to start dialysis. Her abdomen was swollen due to urine retention and a long-lasting inflammatory condition called albuminuna. After using Dr Zennis method, her kidneys started to

improved to 33% efficiency in one, and 70% in the other! This meant that her unnating was regulated and relatively normal, and her swollen body reduced by 19 kg. Protein in the unne no longer occurs \_ says the mother of a 24-year old patient. A 29-year-old patient who has suffered cerebral palsy since birth says "Since commencing treatment with the Zenni's method, my muscle tension has decreased and my motor skills are more fluent and easiers."

A patient with a thyroid tumour with cancer cells showed surprising effects after a fourth stimulation. The tumour substantially diminished and the cancer cells disappeared!

I had 4 thyroid tubercles a 5-millimetre tubercle on my liver and a cyst on my kidney. After using the Zenniu method for six stimulations, I took an USG scan, and they all vanished? - Anna

www.zenni.pl



For a free demonstration, or to learn more about this revolutionary technique, contact: Mr Piotr Zenni on 0439 095 976

## Scan 32. Modern Physiotherapy

Source: MR OFFICIAL MAGAZINE OF THE GRAND LODGE OF WAFREMASONS, ISSURE, MARCH 2009

## Cerebral Palsy



Magda Stachyra from Krasnik, Poland. At the age of 7 she was unable to stand and hardly walked with her mother's support. Doctors recommended a number of surgical procedures such as extension of Magda's tendons and hip joints replacement.

After seven months of treatment by the Zenni method Magda is now bale to walk with little assistance. Her mother, Joanna says that her coordination of hands is much better and that finally Magda can hug her which is something she was not able to do earlier.

"She is much more resistant to infections, she sleeps much better. We previously had problems with her not being able to sleep "says Joanna Stachyra.

"Of course, she still needs to exercise, but she constantly did it before her electrostimulation treatment but no positive effects were received.

Because of her ability to walk, her hip joints are now much stronger. You can clearly see the improvement in her X-ray examination.

Bogumila Mitura from Kock, Poland; 5 five years old. Due to cerebral palsy she was unable to stretch her fingers or bend her knees.

After eight weeks of treatment by the Zenni method she now enjoys a pushbike ride.

Source: <u>http://www.zenni.pl/nowyserwis/page.php?p=mpdz&lang=en</u>



Mateusz Burek from Opole Lubelskie, Poland. At the age of 9 he was unable to sit by himself as he could not bend his knees.

After eight weeks of therapy by the Zenni method, Mateusz is now able to sit and he can also to stretch his legs. His eye condition improved and he is more self-confident and happy.

After a four month electrostimulation therapy (once a week), Maciek Kosiak from Pulawy is able to ride a pushbike. "Thanks to Viktor Zenni's therapy my son has changed his mental attitude. He is brave, not afraid to try new things and not frightened of loud voices as he used to be."- says his mother Agnieszka.



Viktor Zenni is a head of the Association ARKA whose aim is to treat cerebral palsy.



Perth, March 20, 2007

Dear Dr. Zenni,

This letter is to express my most profound gratitude to you for your kind assistance in recovery from asthma of my 13 years old son - Joshua.

Joshua was first afflicted with asthma at the age of two. Suffering from severe attack of the disease he found himself at hospital. After having taken considerable doses of heavy medicines he used to be back home. But, he has had several recurrences of his illness. Doctors prescribed him inhalations for frequent use what affected functioning of other organs. And this how the story goes.

Only in January, we asked Dr. Viktor Zenni to try his stimulating method on him. In fact, Joshua took six applications altogether.

We are all so obliged to you!!! We all thank you for your wonderful help and wish you a lot of further successes with your treatments.

Janusz Kijak Perth, West Australia

PS. Stimulation made him progress in his studies followed by improvement in concentration and general conduct as well.

Źródło: http://www.zenni.pl/nowyserwis/page.php?p=mpdz&lang=en

# Klinika Pani Domu: wygrałam z chorobą!



Scan 33. Is your thyroid condition troublesome? For me it is past! Source: Pani domu, 27 (2004)

Z wizytą u uzdrowiciela

# erapia tarczycy bez opera

Wiktor Zenni, który do Polski przyjeżdża z dalekiej Australii, opracował bezoperacyjną fizykalną terapię tarczycy. Swoje urządzenie wykorzystuje też do leczenia innych chorób.

z Radomia do Warszawy do gabinetu Wiktora Zenni na fizykalną terapię tarczycy. - Jestem tu już piąty raz - opowiada. - Terapia bardzo mi pomaga. Wole już znikło, minęły też bóle głowy i mam lepsze samopoczucie.

Pani Henryka od dawna leczy się na nadczynność tarczycy u lekarza endokrynologa. - Nadal pozostaję pod jego opieką. Przyjmuję leki, dzięki którym mam już prawidłowy poziom hormonów - mówi. - Sam gruczoł jednak stopniowo powiększał się i tworzyły się w nim guzki. Lekarze powiedzieli, że konieczna jest operacja. Trafiłam na informacje o bezoperacyjnym leczeniu przerostu tarczycy. Po szczególnie silnym ataku bólu głowy zdecydowałam się przyje-chać. Po trzecim zabiegu poszłam na USG. Cztery guzki zniknęły, piąty wyraźnie się zmniejszył. Pani Henryka do szyi ma przyło-

anią Henrykę mąż wozi żone elektrody, podłączone do aparatu, takiego, jaki stosuje się w fizykoterapii, wytwarzającego prądy diadynamiczne, popularnie nazywane DD. Zabieg trwa około 20 minut.

Bezoperacyjną fizykalną terapię tarczycy opracował pan Wiktor Zenni, który do Polski przyjeżdża z dalekiej Australii. Tam też, w australijskim urzędzie patentowym, zarejestrował swoją metodę leczenia. Wykorzystuje urządzenie, znane medycynie od 50 lat mówi. - Po raz pierwszy skonstruował je francuski dentvsta. Odkrył, że słabe

prądy elektryczne likwidują ból zęba. Tak zaczęła się kariera prądów diadynamicznych, stosowanych dzisiaj głównie w fizykoterapii. Okazało się, że prądy działają nie tylko przeciwbólowo, ale popudzają komórki do

Wiktor Zenni leczy także

przewlekte

zapalenie gardła.

samoleczenia. Wiedzę na temat

leczenia prądami różnej częstotliwości pan Wiktor zdobywał w Australii. Opowiada, że trafił na pierwsze strony tamtejszych gazet, gdy uzyskał poprawę w stanie zdrowia dziecka cierpiącego na porażenie mózgowe. Od kilku lat przyjeżdża regularnie do Polski. - Współpracuję z bioenergoterapeutami - mówi. - Jeden z nich przysłał do mnie kobietę, która miała tak znaczny wytrzeszcz oczu, że cierpiała nieznośny ból. Po pierwszym za-

biegu moim aparatem ból zmniejszył się, a dalsza kuracja zupełnie wyleczyła tę kobietę z nadczynności tarczycy. W ten sposób można leczyć niedo-

czynność i nadczynność tego gruczołu. Znika wole i guzki tarczycy oraz stany zapalne górnych dróg oddechowych. Leczę ponadto owrzodzenie żołądka, pomagam w przypadku bó-lów i marskości wątroby.

Pan Wiktor Zenni chetnie uczy stosowania swojej metody.

Terapia pomaga w stanach depresyjnych, toteż gorąco zaprasza młodych ludzi, których prześladują myśli samobójcze na bezplatne zabiegi. Chce im pomóc. Zapewnia, że już po jednym zabiegu poczują się lepiej. 77.

#### Scan 34. Seeing the healer. Thyroid gland treatment without surgery.

100 100

Source: Tele tydzień, 2 (2005)

# VIKTOR ŽENNI I DIADYNAMIC7NF PRĄDY BERDAR

6 6

Jest na liście 102 najlepszych uzdrowicieli czasopisma "Uzdrawiacz'

Australii udowodnił skuteczność swoiej me Australii udowodnił skutecznosc swojej me-tody leczenia, wykorzystując w sposób no-watorski znane od 55 lat prądy Bernarda i uzyskując tytuł doktora nauk przyznany przez Senat Uniwersytetu w Colombo. Praca nad wynalazkiem trwała 20 lat w Australii, w Polsce Metoda Żenni stosowana jest od 9 lat.

Jej možili slostvaria jesi bo slat.
 Jej možili vosci jeszce nie są do końca po-znane, bo ciągle okazuje się, że jest skuteczna w przeróżnych schorzeniach. W efekcie pacjen-ci unikają operacji i leczenia farmakologicznego wielu chorób. Dotychczas operacji tarczycy uniknęły setki chorych. – mówi Viktor Żenni.

Zazwyczaj skuteczność Metody Żenni okazuje się szczególnie duża w następujących przypad kach

- Reguluje prace tarczycy i poziom hormonów, zmniejsza przerośnięte płaty i likwiduje guzki.
   Leczy chorobę Gravesa-Basedowa zmniej-szając znacnie towarzyszący jej wytrzeszcz oczu (nawet o 70% lub więce)) oraz towarzy-orzenie i oradko oblawi.

skająć ziłaćzie towarzyszący jej wytrzeszcz oczu (nawet o 70% łuw wjęce) oraz towarzy-szące jej przykre objawy.
Stymuluje mózg lecząc paraliż po wylewie, zwalcza dziecięce porażenie mózgowe, usu-wa depresje i myśli samobojcze.
Leczy zapalenie trzustki, wątroby, owrzodze-nie żołądka, pęcherza, torbiele nerek, chorobę żylakową i bóle kregostupa.
Metoda Żenni za pomocą elektrostymulacji uruchamia siły obrone organizmu i doprowadza do ustąpienia choroby. Wiaśnie diatego jest tak bardzo skuteczna i ma wszechstronne zastoso-wanie. Jej rewelacyjnego działania dowodzą opi-sywane na stronie www.zem.jpl przez pacjen-tów ich własne przypadki, a także listy poparte dokumentacją m.in, w postaci wyników USG, mammografi, analizy krwi. Pozwalają one stwiertow ich wrasne przypacki, a także listy poparte dokumentacją m.in. w postaci wyników USG, mammografi, analizy krwi. Pozwalają one stwier-dzić jak szytoko zmniejszają się, a nawet znikają guzki, torbiele, obrzęki, a poziom hormonów i przeciwciał wyrównuje się.

 Pani Dorota (z Warszawy) z chorobą Gravesa-Basedowa już po pierwszej stymulacji odczuła znaczną poprawę i ulęę: – Moje oczy córnejł się aż o 90%. Podczas snu nie były już otwarte i lepiej widziałam, a ucisk i bół zniknął razem znamenialniam. Tepie włożatalni, a dolski bol zniknaj razem z zaczerwienieniem. Tym samym odzyskałam wiarę, że któś i coś może mi jeszcze pomóc, choć jestem sceptyklem i poddałam się lej rodzie bez przekonania, bo żadne inne ie drych-czasowe leczenie nie przynosiło rezultatów.

 Mówi Anna W. z Białegostoku: – Lekarz kie-Mowi Anna W. z Białegostoku: – Lekarz kie-rował mnie na operacje usunięcia tarczycy.
 Po elektrostymulacjach stwierdził, że nie jest ona potrzebna, ponleważ oprócz zmniejsze-nia torbieli badania wykazały jednorodną strukturę tarczycy. Po dwóch stymulacjach torbiel z 3,2 cm zmniejszyła się do 1,8 cm.

Inżynier z WAT-u w Warszawie: – W okolicy Intylnei z WAT-U w Watszawie: – w okonicy lokcia wdala się martwica. Wyrosło tzw. "dzikie mięso" i chirurdzy nie decydowali się na operację. Już po pierwszej stymulacji obszar zmiany zmniejszył się do wielkości zlama grochu, a po drugiej do zlatenka pie-przu. Jednocześnie zmniejszyły się zmiany nowotworowe w moim nosie.

29-letni pacjent z Wejherowa, który od urodzenia cierpi na dziecięce porażenie mózgowe stwierdza: – Odkąd korzystam z leczenia Metodą Żenni, napięcie molch mięśni zmniej-szyło się, a poruszanie stało się łatwiejsze. Anna: – Miałam 4 guzki tarczycowe, 5-cen-tymetrowy guz na wątrobie i torbiel na ner-

ce. Po sześciu stymulacjach zrobiłam USG, wszystko zniknęło.

– Nasz 13-letni syn od drugiego roku życia chorował na astmę i po każdym ostrym ataku trafiał do szpitala. Musiał stale używać leków wzlewnych. Po zastosowaniu ostatnio sześ-

#### NIEZNANY ŚWIAT © 83

clu stymulacji Metodą Żenni nastąpiła zadzi-wiająco szybka poprawa – pełne oddychanie, a w elekcie dotlenienie i duża wydolność or-ganizmu. Wcześniej brakowało mu tlenu, nie mógł biegać. Teraz po raz pierwszy może biegać i to bez leków. Stymulacja wpłyneła też pozytywnie na postępy w nauce, na po-prawę koncentracji i zachowania – pisze ojciec Joshmego z Australii.

Katarzyna O. z Warszawy:
 – Przez 20 lat miałam bardzo po

viekszona tar-- Przez 20 lat miałam bardzo powiększoną tar-czyce (jeden płat osiagnął 10 cm długości, drugi - 8 cm) i czekata mnie operacja. Po dwu-nastu stymułacjach zmniejszyła się o 40%, każ-dy płat do rozmiaru ok. 6 cm. Przestało mnie dusić i piec w gardle (nie brałam leków). Przy okażji zniknął mi przewiekty katar i wyłeczone zostały zatoki. Nastąpiła też ogólna poprawa, przestały pocić mi się ręce i leplej śpię.

U Innej pacjentki z guzem tarczycowym, w którym stwierdzono komórki nowotworowe, zdumiewające efekty nastąpiły po czwartej stymulacji. Guz znacznie zmniejszył się, a komórki nowotworowe zniknęły.

 Również 11-letni chłopiec z podobnym problemem uniknął transplantacji, gdyż jego niewydolne nerki zaczęły pracować i osiągnęły prawidłową wielkość.

Viktor Żenni uczy pacjentów swojej metody (www.zenni.pl) za pomocą zmodyfikowanego aparatu generującego prądy Bernarda, które znaaparatu generującego prądy Bernarda, które zna-ne sa w medycynie konwencjonalnej (gabinety fizykoterapii). Jego wynalazek nazwany Metodą Ženni polega na nowatorskim wykorzystaniu tych prądów do stymulacji narządów wewnętrznych. Metoda Żenni wywoluje coraz większe zaintere-sowaniu Betarzy, szczególnie tych, którzy po zasto-sowaniu Metody Żenni stwierdzili u swoich pacjen-tów znaczną poprawę lub całkowite wyleczenie.

- Obecnie Viktor Żenni prowadzi w kilku Marszawa (022) 620 67 26

- Warszawa (0/22) 6/20 6/26 Kraków (0/12) 6/32 65 75 Lublin (081) 479 08 64, 0 512 316 306 Sopot 0 501 191 211 Rzeszów 0 698 082 126 Poznań (061) 853 59 18 Wrocław (071) 355 40 27 do wszysticki pasinaciów 0.603 887 8

- do wszystkich gabinetów 0 603 887 868 więcej informacji na stronie www.zenni.pl

#### Scan 35. Victor Zenni and Bernard's diadynamic currents

Source: Nieznany Świat Nr.11/2007r (203)

The Zenni method - treatment with the use of Bernard's currents

'This method arouses a growing interest of doctors, especially those whose patients reported a significant improvement or complete recovery after its application. Some doctors them have already used this method.'



## Scan 36. The Zenni method – a treatment with the use of current

Source: Gwiazdy mówią... Nr 51-52 21.12.2008

## LETTERS FROM PATIENTS



Scan 37. A thank you letter from a patient

raismile 15.04.200!

# Historia choroby mojego syna

Moj syn Karol ma Milert. Cherewert ed wiele let. Lawsre to byto ogelme prezistienie, kassel, kater. Chereba towata miesiquami, zarwyczaj zapalenie ostrzeli. zapalenie pluc.

Pormirmo lecrenia antifisteliami i wriewami, Karal byt bandrio chomy. Rediatora, lan mologi alengolog amieniali antybiotyli i dodawouli inne leheurstwa, zwighszal dawhi; Efekt : syn madal cherry. Syn w ten spose & lecremy byt latami. Organizm Karala byt bours/20 ostationy, po spacence, golie selising pewoli syt caty motory, utrawie treba byto mienić, nie miat sit, by parotro amponony Wigi brat antypistyli i lehi presis astmatycome i alenge Orme. Po pierwszej stymulacji metodą Dr. Zemmi, Karol trut sig lepiej, hassilat ale jus moviej, hu mojemu xdrewienie. D'szystlie lelu colstoueriam i tale nie pomagaly. To drugey stymulacy Karol jus kaselu nie miat Syn jest obecnie po trech stymulagach, nie ma hatan, nie ma kousile , jest 2 TROWY! Biega, jeriche nowenem, porwalarme mu chodrei do pantin i nou plac xaban x holegami. Wreszwe moj syn jest usmeechnipty, wraca americany to biega i share & chiopa hami, ale pala scopstewy. Barolio driphuje na pamac, porolra wiame. Warigama mama Kansla

Scan 38. A letter of thanks from Karol's mother

N-wa 09.06.2008

Krystyna Hejua DO Doktoro Wiktoro Lenui Padreiekowawie W 2006 roku rozpozuano u mnie charobe gnoires - Oasedona, która objarniala się nytixesracem oczu, caczerwienienie, izamieniem oroz bokem i kuciem. Pomimo brauia lekow, prez okres 1,5 roku oni wyniki, ani objany charoby sie me emieniaty. w listopodzie 2007. dr. Levai rastosomat a muie prierwszą stymulację, po której nastąpiła euaczna poprawa, wytresecz zaczął notepowac, po kolejnych było corroz lepiej. Po piatej stymulacji i znobieniu wyuików, tekan kazat odstapić od przyjmowania leków, wyniki były bowdzo dobre wytresect occu minimaluy, ustapito raczennienienie oraz bol oau, zo co bardzo dziękuję. Hejua

Scan 39. A thank you letter from a patient

Kvallo' 17.02. 20081

flelene Steenkiemer

Do Paine Dolitone Willtone Lemi

Kille lot term stinevolaous ummi quas vypetnigecego levy plat toway ey. Suz vypelliong lice my mi evapure ma im i torbielikouni. To trech styrm he yoch prodem 9. demi torbichilli shill ughy a vyniki † SH popremiky sig. Po pëdnej styrmkegi popremiko sig zeleey dovanie samopoczuere, zniknohy storny depresyjne i proleleny z porannym Wevammen, Rozne obovijaln elomove vyhomije 2 latrosieg. Odayskelam vadose 2 ayeie. Sevelennie daighauje Od kilken lat odernvalam withier boil re prevym okien. Bol ueiskovy ugsto od convorming. To jedneg doleg stymulog bol ustepil Welaigame pegenthe Helline Steskiemin

Scan 40. A thank you letter from a patient

Reath 2003.07

Szanowy Pamie

List ten jest wyrazem wdrigczności ze ponoc u wzdrowienim z astimoj mojepo syne Jostina lat 13.

Joshna zachorovan na asting u viela 2 lat. Majac osty stak lodovat u szpitaln Tan po zauplilovanie me duziel dowel lekenst i vecat do dome. Aster baie misict helan propisat me uziewy rictoire masict helan propisat me uziewy rictoire na ime organy. Tak zamyke nis megalju koro. Dopiero u stocznie top roth popositism pr. Vilatora čehni o zaeplitowanie teo stymulujacej metodu. Joshna propisi 6 stymulujacej metodu. Joshna propisi 6 stymulujacej metodu. Joshna progisi 6 stymulujacej metodu. Lanepo nose prez co hastopilo potne odduchanie. Tuare stata sis lekto rumiane hiepi u lan cove me majac uztarczejący: i me munici uziere uziewi. W ostatnie medniele maretu zaladokousile uschodne netoch ske julia Wolk uschodne se prez ko hastopilo potne i me humici uziere uziewi. Manetaji stata stata sis lekto rumiane hiepi u lan cove me majac uztarczejący: i me munici uziere uziewi. W ostatnie medziele maretuiczi u turnien wolk uschodne se prez kortoline. Stata projectu cata usulk uschodne netwiere ventoline. Matediał do odmiane hovechi ske juliaci metodaj Dr. Zenni uzie se buci skatori u turnien metodaj Dr. Zenni uziere se buci skatori u turnien metodaj Dr. Zenni uziere se buci skatori u turnien metodaj Dr. Zenni uziere se buci skatoricze metode u leczenin i zapobiegami astan za 6 Pain

jestesny le udzigeza". Drizkajeha za pomoe i zyczyny dalnych sulecesis u leczeniu Zachodinie Australie. Janun K 7.5. na postepju nance. Natspile tez poprave v loncentrage i zachouanin. D.K

Scan 41. A thank you letter from a patient's parent



Photograph 7. M. J. before the therapy; 2 December 2008 (V. Zenni)



Photograph 8. M. J. after the therapy; 20 January 2009 (V. Zenni)

**Malgorzata from Warsaw:** My dermatologist diagnosed alopecia areata. Despite medication my hair was brittle, falling out and did not grow. After one stimulation it began to grow and thickened with time. After the next one my grey hair was regaining its natural colour and headaches, nervousness and depression subsided. What is more, a cyst on my kidney disappeared and my bladder condition stopped after 11 electrostimulations.



Scan 42. Graves' disease before therapy; December 2003 Source: V. Zenni



Scan 43. Graves' disease after therapy; February 2004 Source: V. Zenni

## The procedure and stimulated organs



**Photograph 9. Stimulation of the eyes** Source: author's own photograph, taken on 7 April 2009



**Photograph** 10. **Stimulation of the liver** Source: author's own photograph, taken on 7 April 2009

## **REPRINTS OF LETTERS**

#### Wypowiedzi rodziców dzieci chorych na Mózgowe Porażenie Dziecięce o Metodzie V.Żenni

**Dorotka** nie oddychała przez prawie 12minut. Dzięki wysiłkom lekarzy dziecko zaczęło dawać oznaki życia. Jednak czas bez oddechu wystarczył, by w mózgu zaszły zmiany. Mózg zaczął umierać. Dziecko wypisano ze szpitala jako zdrowe. Niedługo później lekarze zdiagnozowali MPD. Matka dziewczynki rozpoczęła walkę o zdrowie córki. Rehabilitacja nie przyniosła spodziewanych efektów. Przez osiem lat ciężkiej pracy dziecko nadal nie ruszało nogami ani rękoma. Spotkała jednak doktora Żenni. Już po pierwszych zabiegach nastąpiła poprawa. Po roku zabiegów Dorotka zaczęła chodzić, mówi, potrafi czytać i liczyć. Obsługuje komputer w którym ma programy do nauki czytania i liczenia.

Ania urodziła się prawidłowo. Po urodzeniu okązało się. że dziecko nie oddycha właściwie. Przez kilką godzin lekarze próbowali podtrzymać akcję oddechową przy pomocy maski i ręcznej pompki. Niestety mózg otrzymał zbyt małą dawkę tlenu. Po pewnym czasie lekarz zdiagnozował ciężkie porażenie mózgowe. Lekarze rozłożyli ręce. Dziewczynki nie da się leczyć. Dziecko nie rusza rączkami, nogami ani główką. Nie potrafiło ssać dni wydalać. Matką dziecką z gazet dowiedziała się o metodzie elektrostymulacji. Zabiegi odbywały się średnio raz w tygodniu. Od tego czasu stan Ani wyraźnie się poprawił. Dziewczynką lubi się przytulać, już przełyką, nauczyła się pić i wydalać. Zaczęła się skupiać i obserwować otoczenie, wyraźnie zaczyna rozumieć, co do niej się mówi. lej matką ma nadzieję na dalszą poprawę.

**Marek** urodził się za wcześnie. Tak wcześnie, że organizm nie wykształcił jeszcze w pełni płuc. Został podłączony do respiratora i umieszczony w inkubatorze. Lekarze orzekli, że stan dziecka jest ciężki. Gdy stan się poprawił okazało się, że cierpi na porażenie mózgowe. Marek bał się wysokości, otaczającego świata. Żył we własnym. Matka dziecka, pomimo sceptycznego nastawienia do niekonwencjonalnych metod, postanowiła spróbować. Po zabiegach Marek odblokował się wewnętrznie, poprawiła się koordynacja pracy mózgu i kończyn. Chłopiec potrafi czytać, pisać, mówi, coraz sprawniej się porusza.

## Letter 1. Opinions of parents whose children suffer from cerebral palsy

Source: V. Zenni website

## Pacjenci mówią - to działa!

**A. G.** -"Nie ukrywam, że dość sceptycznie przyjmowałam zachwyty nad terapią stosowaną przez Wiktora Żenni. Dwa lata temu, jeszcze w lokalu redakcyjnym przy ul. Twardej, zorganizowaliśmy spotkanie z terapeutą i pokąz metody Żenni, ale to wcale nie przełamało mojej nieufności. Widziałam już wiele "cudownych aparatów", metod. Pewnie to kolejna efemeryda - myślałam. Odtąd śledziłam uważnie informacje o efektach tej metody."

-"Po kilku sesjach u pana Wiktora Żenni oczy przestały mnie boleć i wróciły na swoje miejsce. Ustabilizował się też poziom hormonów, co potwierdzają kilkakrotne badania" - mówi była pacjentka, która przyprowadziła na wizytę koleżankę cierpiącą na nadczynność tarczycy."

- 'Po trzech zabiegach tarczyca (obydwa płaty) zmniejszyła się. Mogę normalnie egzystować. Nie mam podduszeń. Nie męczę się, wchodząc na trzecie piętro - pisze w podziękowaniu Henryka O. z Lublina. -Załączam wyniki badań przed wizytami u Pana i po. Poprawa jest niewątpliwa. Dziękuję, że zmodyfikował Pan ten aparat do prądów Bernarda i opracował własną metodę, która przywraca ludziom zdrowie i normalny wygląd, co dla każdej kobiety jest bardzo ważne".

-"Metoda Żenni pomaga także w depresjach, a te jak wiadomo nasilają się jesienią i zimą, ale o tym przeczytacie w Poradniku "Czwartego Wymiaru".

-"Niejako przy okazji, z racji występowania w charakterze królika doświadczalnego, odkryłam, że metoda, którą traktowałam z taką nieufnością, łagodzi także skutki przeziębienia, likwiduje uporczywy kaszel i drapanie w gardle. Doświadczyłam tego osobiście, a piszę o tym, bo zbliża się pora jesiennych przeziębień. <u>Czwarty Wymiar, 11/2005</u>

**Barbara J. z Warszawy:** Po powikłaniach po szczepionce na grypę przez 2 lata leczono mnie antybiotykami. Skutkiem była niewydolność nerek. Po pierwszym zabiegu nerki ruszyły i uniknęłam dializy. W ciągu 4 tyg. schudłam 4kg (zeszła woda).

**Panią Henrykę mąż wozi z Radomia** do Warszawy do gabinetu Viktora Żenni na fizykalną **terapię** tarczycy. - Jestem tu już piąty raz - opowiada. - Terapia bardzo mi pomaga Wole już znikło, minęły też bóle głowy i mam lepsze samopoczucie. Pani Henryka od dawna leczy się na nadczynność tarczycy u lekarza endokrynologa. - Nadal pozostaję pod jego opieką. Przyjmuję leki, dzięki którym mam już prawidłowy poziom hormonów - mówi. - Sam gruczoł jednak stopniowo powiększał się i tworzyły się w nim guzki. Lekarze powiedzieli, że konieczna jest operacja. Trafiłam na informacje o bezoperacyjnym leczeniu przerostu tarczycy. Po szczególnie silnym ataku bólu głowy zdecydowałam się przyjechać. Po trzecim zabiegu poszłam na USG. Cztery guzki zniknęły, piąty wyraźnie się zmniejszył.

**Mama 11-letniego chłopca:** Nasz syn miał straszny problem z nerkami. Po stymulacjach uniknął transplantacji, bo jego niewydolne nerkį zaczęły pracować i osiągnęły prawidłową wielkość.

Mama 24-letniej Agaty z Warszawy: Córką miała marskość nerki, groziły jej dializy, bo miała obrzęki z powodu zatrzymania moczu, wieloletni stan zapalny, białkomocz. Po stymulacjach nerki zaczęły pracować, ich wydolność zmieniła się na 33% (jedna) i na 70% (druga), TSH wróciło do normy, oddawanie moczu jest normalne, a obrzęki zeszły (o 19 kg). Białko w moczu już nie występuje.

Letter 2. The patients say: it works!

Source: V. Zenni website

Helena S. z Chrzanowa: Kilka lat temu stwierdzono u mnie guza wypełniającego lewy płat tarczycy z licznymi zwapnieniami i torbielkami. Po 3 stymulacjach torbiele zniknęły, a wyniki TSH poprawiły się tak jak samopoczucie. Po 4-tej stymulacji zniknęły stany depresyjne i uporczywy, uciskowy ból oka, który towarzyszył mi od kilku lat. Odzyskałam radość życia.

*Mieczysław B. z Krakowa*: Uniknąłem operacji tarczycy. Po 5 zabiegach objętość zmniejszyła się do 50% i wyraźnie zmalały guzki.

**Krystyna H.:** Dwa lata temu rozpoznano u mnie chorobę Graves-Basedowa, objawiającą się wytrzeszczem oczu, zaczerwienieniem, łzawieniem oraz bólem i kłuciem. 1,5 roczne leczenie nie przynosiło żadnych rezultatów. Nie zmieniały się wyniki badań, a objawy nie ustępowały. Już po 1-szej stymulacji odczułam poprawę. Po kolejnych - wytrzeszcz zaczął ustępować. Po 5-tej stymulacji wyniki były tak dobre, że lekarz wycofał leki, ustąpiło zaczerwienienie, ból, a wytrzeszcz cofnął się niemal całkowicie.

**Małgorzata J. z Warszawy:** Dermatolog stwierdził u mnie łysienie plackowate. Mimo leczenia farmakologicznego włosy nie rosły, a te które zostały - stopniowo wypadały. Już po 1-szej stymulacji zaczęły rosnąć. Po następnej zagęściły się, a po kolejnych włosy siwe odzyskały swój naturalny kolor. Przy okazji ustąpiły stany depresyjne, bóle głowy i nerwowość. Zniknęła też torbiel w nerce i 11-oma stymulacjami wyleczyłam też bardzo chory od lat pęcherz.

**Anna W. z Białegostoku:** Lekarz kierował mnie na operację usunięcia tarczycy, a po elektrostymulacjach stwierdził, że operacja nie jest potrzebna ponieważ oprócz zmniejszenia torbieli badania wykazały jednorodną strukturę tarczycy. Po 2 stymulacjach torbiel z 3,2 cm zmniejszyła się do 1,8 cm.

**Iżynier z WAT-u w Warszawie:** W okolicy łokcia wdała się martwica. Wyrosło tzw. "dzikie mięso" i chirurdzy nie decydowali się na operację. Już po 1-szej stymulacji obszar zmiany zmniejszył się do ziarna grochu, a po 2-giej do ziarenka pieprzu. Jednocześnie zmniejszyły się zmiany nowotworowe w moim nosie.

**Pacjent z Wejherowa:** Mam 29 lat i od urodzenia cierpię na dziecięce porażenie mózgowe. Od kiedy korzystam z leczenia Metodą Żenni, napięcie moich mięśni zmniejszyło się, a poruszanie stało się łatwiejsze.

Jolanta J. z Białegostoku: U mojej córkį w 11 roku życia stwierdzono wole guzowate, a po paru latach guzkį. Miała obrzmiałą szyję, była przemęczona i ciągle się pociła. Po 3-cim zabiegu guzkį zmniejszyły się o pół centymetra, poziom hormonów wrócił do normy, córką zrobiła się spokojniejsza i ustąpiło pocenie. Efekty były tak duże, że endokrynolog odstawił lekį. Nauczyłam się tej metody i kupiłam aparat i dziś stymulacje wykonuję sama. Jest to wygodne, bo nie muszę jeździć z Białegostoku do Warszawy na zabiegi. Wyleczyłam też u drugiej córkį chroniczne przeziębienia i katar dwiema stymulacjami. A od kiedy stosujemy metodę Żenni przestaliśmy wszyscy chorować i nie musimy już brać tabletek.

**Anna S.:** Miałam 4 guzki tarczycowe, 5 cm guz na wątrobie i torbiel na nerce. Po 6 stymulacjach zrobiłam USG, wszystko zniknęło.

Katarzyna O. z Warszawy: Przez 20 lat miałam bardzo powiększoną tarczycę (jeden płat miał 10cm długości, drugi - 8cm) i czekała mnie operacja. Po 12 stymulacjach zmniejszyła się o 40% do rozmiaru ok. 6cm każdy płat. Przestało mnie dusić i piec w gardle (nie brałam leków). Przy okazji zniknął mi przewlekły katar i wyleczone zostały zatoki. Nastąpiła też ogólna poprawa, przestały pocić mi się ręce 1 lepiej śpię.

Letter 3. The patients say: it works! cont.

Source: V. Zenni website

## Questionnaire

I am a MA student at the University of Humanities and Economics in Łódź.

The title of my thesis is: 'Electrotherapy by Viktor Zenni in a subjective assessment of patients.'

The aim of my dissertation is to present the effectiveness of the Zenni method, by Viktor Zenni, Ph.D., an innovative method based on the use of Bernard's currents.

Your experience as patients using this therapy seems to be the most appropriate and therefore, indispensable for my study.

Thank you in advance for your help and contribution.

#### Instructions:

Please circle each answer.

Example: Do you know the principles of preventing congenital diseases?

a.	Yes	$\bigcap$
b.	No	$\bigcirc$

Please circle one answer in case there is no other instruction

- 1. Sex:
  - a) Woman
  - b) Man
- 2. Age
- 3. Place of residence
  - a) city
  - b) countryside
- 4. Educational level
  - a) primary education
  - b) vocational education
  - c) secondary vocational education
- 5. Financial conditions
  - a) very good
  - b) good
  - c) average
  - d) poor

## 6. What is your livelihood?

- a) employment contract, commission contract
- b) I am running my own business
- c) unemployment compensation

- d) secondary education
- e) post-secondary education
- f) higher education

- d) pension
- e) welfare benefits
- f) pension
- g) I am a dependant

## 7. What is your health problem?

- a) hyperthyroidism
- b) hypothyroidism
- c) Parkinson's disease
- d) glaucoma
- e) cataract
- f) Alzheimer's disease
- 8. When were you diagnosed with the disease?

#### 9. Do you have any disorders of the nervous system?

- a) paralysis of the extremities
- b) epilepsy
- c) cerebral palsy, a congenital disorder of childhood
- d) meningitis
- e) stroke
- f) other

## 10. What diseases are associated with your health condition?

- a) impaired hearing
- b) eye diseases
- c) speech disorder
- d) incoordination
- e) impaired sense of direction
- f) other

### 11. Is surgery recommended in your condition?

- a) no
- b) not yet
- c) yes

## 12. Are you currently on any medication?

- a) yes
- b) yes, but in smaller doses
- c) I discontinued medication
- d) there was no need to be on medication
- e) no (please go to Query 14)

## 13. What types of prescribed medicines do you take?

- a) hormones
- b) analgesics
- c) steroids
- d) other

- g) stomach ulcers
- h) Graves disease
- i) depression
- j) nodules, cysts
- k) other

#### 14. What was your previous treatment?

a) pharmacological

- d) electrostimulation
- b) physiotherapy e) surgery
- c) physical therapy f) other

#### 15. How often do you use the services of specialised medical centres?

- a) I do not use their services
- b) every day rehabilitation
- c) once every three months
- d) once a month
- e) once every six months
- f) other

#### 16. What type of previous treatment was applied? Please describe.

.....

## 17. How often do you get an ultrasound of the following:

- a) thyroid
- b) breasts
- c) prostate gland
- d) abdominal cavity
- e) kidneys
- f) reproductive organs

## 18. What is your attitude towards natural and non-invasive therapies?

- a) very positive
- b) neutral
- c) moderate
- d) other

## 19. What was your motivation behind the application of the Zenni therapy? Please decribe.

### 20. Who, apart from you, undergoes the Zenni method?

- a) only me
- b) me and my spouse
- c) children
- d) other

## 21. Which of the organs are stimulated during the therapy?

- a) liver
- b) pituitary gland
- c) thyroid gland
- d) eyes

- e) breasts
- f) reproductive organs (lower abdomen)
- g) other

### 22. How long did electrostimulation last?

- a) less than 20 minutes
- b) from 21 to 40 minutes
- c) from 41 to 60 minutes

## 23. How long the therapy has been applied?

- a) less than six months
- b) from six months to a year
- c) from a year to two years
- d) more than two years

## 24. Do your diagnostic tests show...

- improvement a)
- b) cure
- c) no change

## f) 25. Which results do prove the improvement in your condition?

d) deterioration

other

e)

I do not know

- a) Ultrasound (which organ)
- b) Levels of hormones (which ones)
- c) X-ray (which part of the body)
- d) other test

#### 26. After how many electrostimulations were the effects noticeable?

#### 27. What was your attitude before the therapy?

- a) positive
- b) negative
- c) other

## 28. Where did you usually travel or commute to receive the Zenni method treatment?

- a) Cracow e) Rzeszów
- b) Sopot f) Wrocław
- c) Lublin Płock g)
- d) Warsaw

## 29. Do you have problems in getting to the therapy? Please describe, if any.

.....

#### 30. How would you assess the effects of the therapy?

- a) I do not have any opinion as yet
- b) I have got an optimistic attitude
- c) I am satisfied with the effects
- I am surprised with the effects d)
- e) other

## 31. What is the attitude of your doctor towards the Zenni method?

- a) I did not inform their doctor
- b) I am going to inform my doctor
- c) my doctor is not interested in the method
- d) my doctor in neutral
- e) other
- 32. Please arrange in order from the most to the least effective method of treatment in terms of in your medical disorder. 1-very effective, 2-moderately effective, 3-averagely, effective, 4-sufficiently effective, 5 little effective
  - a) pharmacotherapy
  - b) surgery
  - c) rehabilitation
  - d) physical therapy
  - e) the Zenni method
  - f) other

## 33. Should the Zenni method be more available?

- a) yes
- b) no
- c) other

#### How did you learn about the Zenni method?

- a) recommendation (friends or relatives)
- b) the Internet
- c) magazine
- d) other

#### 34. Would you undergo the Zenni method treatment once again?

- a) yes
- b) I would hesitate
- c) no
- d) I do not know

Thank you for filling in this questionnaire.

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